SMS-303: Integrative marine sciences, physics.

Quiz Lab 1.

- 1. Diffusion:
- a. is the process whereby a solute is transported from low to high concentration.
- **b.** is the process whereby a solute is transported from high to low concentration.
- c. is the process whereby a solute maintain its concentration.
- d. is the process whereby a solute concentration is reduced.
- 2. Diffusion:
- a. is the dominating nutrient transport mechanism into the upper ocean.
- b. is the dominating nutrient transport mechanism to a phytoplankton cell.
- c. is the dominating nutrient transport mechanism within a breaking wave.
- d. is the dominating nutrient transport mechanism in rivers.
- 3. Double diffusion relates to:
- a. processes arising from similar diffusion rates of heat and salt in the ocean.
- **b.** processes arising from similar diffusion rates of nutrients and heat in the ocean.
- c. processes arising from different diffusion rates of heat and salt in the ocean.
- d. processes arising from different diffusion rates of nutrients and heat in the ocean.
- 4. The diffusion coefficient has units of:
- a. Length<sup>2</sup>/time.
- b. Length/time<sup>2</sup>.
- c. Length/time.
- d. None of the above.
- 5. The diffusion coefficients of heat and solutes:
- a. Have the same magnitude.
- b. Have the same units.
- c. Have opposite signs.
- d. Have opposite positions.

- 6. Increasing temperature:
- a. will tend to increase the diffusion of solutes.
- b. will tend to decrease the diffusion of solutes.
- c. will not change the diffusion of solutes.
- d. will tend to decrease the diffusion of heat.
- 7. Diffusion and entropy (entropy is a measure of disorder):
- a. are related in that diffusion decreases entropy.
- b. are related in that diffusion increases entropy.
- c. are related in that entropy decreases diffusion.
- d. are not related.
- 8. Diffusion is a process that:
- a. increases gradients (spatial differences in concentration) in the ocean.
- b. decreases gradients (spatial differences in concentration) in the ocean.
- c. does not affect gradients (spatial differences in concentration) in the ocean.
- d. does not exist in the ocean.
- 9. Biased random walk:
- a. can be modeled by a drift.
- b. can be modeled by a diffusion.
- c. can be modeled by a diffusion plus drift
- d. none of the above.
- **10. Diffusion of heat:**
- a. can be described as a continuous macroscopic process.
- b. can be described as a discreet microscopic process.
- c. a & b.
- d. is derived from the chemical energy of molecules.

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