



4. The ocean's volume is approximately 330,000,000 cubic miles. What is the ocean's volume in cubic kilometers (1 mi = 1.6093 km)? Given that the ocean is about 70% of the Earth's surface area and that the Earth's radius is 6400 km, what is the average depth of the world's ocean (assume the ocean to be rectangular)?

5. A whale swims at a constant speed while feeding on plankton.

a. How many cubic meters of water enter the open mouth ( $3\text{m}^2$  area) of the whale each minute as it swims through the water at  $10\text{ m s}^{-1}$ ?

b. How many zooplankton can the whale ingest per second if the zooplankton concentration is 1.5 per liter?

c. If each zooplankton provides the whale with 3 calories, how many calories does the whale ingest in a day?

6. You dive in order to retrieve a sunken treasure in a 10 m deep lagoon. The treasure weighs 1200 kg in air and has a volume of  $1\text{ m}^3$ . What size of buoyancy bag do you need (in  $\text{m}^3$ ) to inflate to lift the engine off the bottom (you can assume the water density is  $1.0\text{ g cm}^{-3}$  and air density to be negligible, and the non-inflated buoyancy bag to have the same density as the water)?

(A "buoyancy bag" or "lift bag" is a bag that can be filled with air & attached to a submerged object to provide it additional buoyancy or lift to float it to the surface with minimal effort from the diver)

7. In Maine (and Florida) the shortest day of the year is in late December yet the coldest day of the year (on land and in the surface waters) is in late February/beginning of March. Why?

**True/False questions (2pts each):**

- a. For the same pressure gradient, a laminar flow will transport more fluid than a turbulent one. T F
- b. Pressure and stresses have the same units. T F
- c. A sinking submarine experience most of its drag due to viscosity and not from pressure. T F
- d. The earth loses the heat it absorbs from the sun mostly through radiation. T F
- e. From Bernouli's principle we deduce that within an decelerating fluid pressure increases. T F
- f. The no-slip condition implies that there is a boundary layer around a swimming fish. T F
- g. Pressure approximately doubles between the ocean's surface and 20m depth. T F
- h. The standard deviation of velocity has the same unit as velocity. T F
- i. Accuracy and precision are synonyms for how well we can replicate a measurement T F
- j. Viscosity is a major contributor to the drag experienced by a swimming tuna. T F
- k. density of water is approximately  $1000\text{Kg m}^{-3}$ . T F
- l. A solid object completely immersed in fresh water will experience the same upward buoyant force as when it is immersed in sea-water. T F
- m. Energy is the capacity to do work. Work and energy have the same units. T F

**Multiple-choice questions (6pts each):**

**1. An object is unstable when:**

- a. Its center of gravity and buoyancy are close.
- b. Its center of gravity and buoyancy are far.
- c. Its center of buoyancy is above its center of gravity.
- d. Its center of gravity is above its center of buoyancy.

**2. How can an organism under water change the buoyancy force acting on it?**

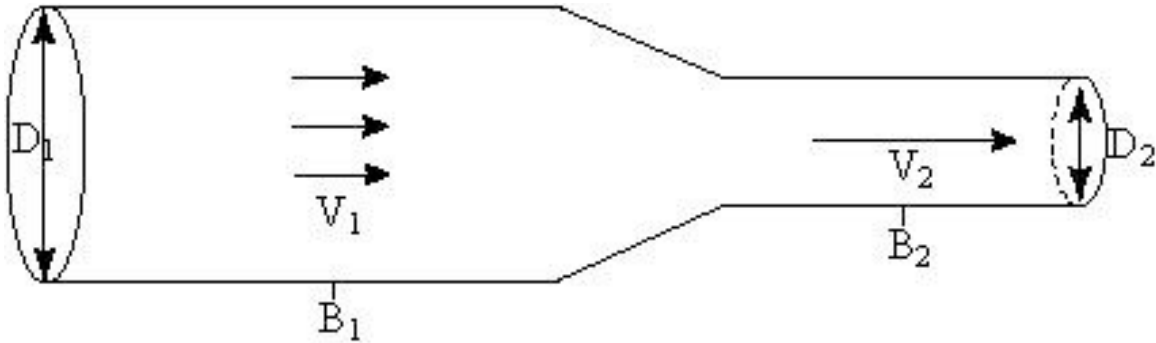
- a. Change its volume (e.g. using musculature, taking in water).
- b. Change its mass (e.g. burn energy, get rid of waste products).
- c. Change its temperature (e.g. work harder).
- d. All of the above.

**3. To calculate the volume flux of blood in a vein, which are needed?**

- a. Mean blood speed.
- b. Cross sectional area of the blood vessel.
- c. Density of blood.
- d. a and b.
- e. a, b and c.

Please provide short answers to the following questions (7pts for questions associated with each picture):

1. What is the principle associated with fluid motion that is illustrated below? How would you expect the pressure to change within this pipe?



2. Below is an illustration of Reynolds' experiment. What did he conclude from this experiment regarding laminar and turbulent fluid motions and the conditions under which they occur?

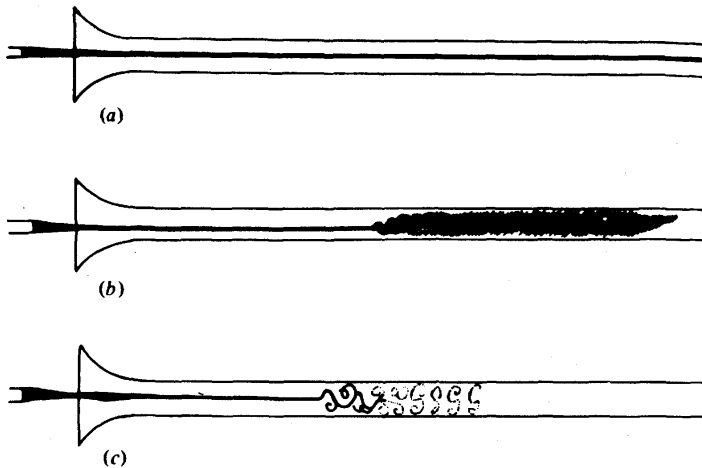


Fig. 9.2. Reynolds's drawings of the flow in his dye experiment.