

Some important concepts from last week:

 No-slip
 Treatment of fluid as Continuum (1ml ~ 3×10<sup>22</sup> water molecules)
 Viscosity
 Density of solids

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## Density of Water Density = mass / volume Density of water depends on temperature Density of water depends on salinity Density of water depends on pressure Dense water sinks under less dense water















## Flux through a channel (or blood vessel)

- Fluid passing through a certain area in a given time.
- Volume flux: cross-section() x velocity
- Mass flux: Volume flux x density
- Material flux: Mass flux x concentration

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Mass, volume and density.

 In fluids we often cannot follow a coherent mass.

 Conservation of mass is described by mass continuity (incompressible flows):

 Volume flows: V2
 Value
 Value





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Fluid moves from regions of high to regions of low pressure:

 $F=ma \rightarrow dv/dt = F/m = F/(AL\rho)$  $\rightarrow dv/dt = -\rho^{-1}dp/dx$ 

If fluid is not moving – pressure is equal.

If I have dense fluid at one side of a container and less dense at the other. How will pressure be distributed?

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## Summary

- Water organizes itself by density if there are no forces acting on it.
- Water flows from high to low pressure.
- Pumps are useful as tools to get food and get rid of waste products.
- If you care about diving (or organisms that dive) you should worry about pressure. SMS 204: Integrative marine sciences