

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 2/28/2014

S/N: BBFL2B-670

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in µg/l can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CHL } (\mu\text{g/l}) = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark counts})$$

Dark counts	Digital 46 counts
Scale Factor (SF)	0.0126 µg/l/count
Maximum Output	4120 counts
Resolution	1.1 counts
Ambient temperature during characterization	21.0 °C

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: $SF = x \div (\text{output} - \text{dark counts})$, where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations in-situ is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO CDOM Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 2/28/2014

S/N: BBFL2B-670

CDOM concentration expressed in ppb can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CDOM (ppb)} = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

Dark Counts	Digital
Scale Factor (SF)	32 counts
Maximum Output	0.0847 ppb/count
Resolution	4070 counts
	1.5 counts
Ambient temperature during characterization	21.0 °C

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: $SF = x \div (\text{output} - \text{dark counts})$, where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

Scattering Meter Calibration Sheet

2/28/2014

Wavelength: 532

S/N BBFL2B-670

Use the following equation to obtain "scaled" output values:

$$\beta(\theta_c) \text{ m}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1} = \text{Scale Factor} \times (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

- **Scale Factor for 532 nm** = 6.565E-06 (m⁻¹sr⁻¹)/counts
- **Output** = meter reading counts
- **Dark Counts** = 43 counts

Instrument Resolution = 1.1 counts 7.49E-06 (m⁻¹sr⁻¹)

Definitions:

- **Scale Factor:** Calibration scale factor, $\beta(\theta_c)/\text{counts}$. Refer to User's Guide for derivation.
- **Output:** Measured signal output of the scattering meter.
- **Dark Counts:** Signal obtained by covering detector with black tape and submersing sensor in water.

Instrument Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

Date: 2/28/2014

S/N: BBFL2B-670

Thermistor Calibration

Thermistor output in degrees C can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{Temperature} = (\text{Output} \times \text{slope}) + \text{intercept}$$

R²	0.9997	
Slope	-0.0056 °C/count	
Intercept	70.8358 °C	
Temp. change rate	0.27 °C/min	
Temp range	33.46 °C max	°C min
Nominal accuracy	0.01 °C	
RMSE	0.1529	

Pressure Sensor Calibration

Pressure sensor output in dBars can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{Pressure} = (\text{Output} \times \text{slope}) + \text{intercept}$$

R²	0.9999	
Slope	0.0146 dBar/count	
Intercept	-3.0562 dBar	
Maximum output	10400 counts	
Maximum pressure	138 dbars	
	200 psi	