SBE 44

Underwater Inductive Modem (UIM)

With RS-232 Interface for Serial Instrument



CE

User's Manual

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Manual Version #022, 03/12/14 SBE 44 Firmware Version 1.9a & later SIM Firmware Version 3.0a & later IMM firmware 1.12 & later

Limited Liability Statement

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Declaration of Conformity

| | | DEC | LARATI | ON OF CO | ONFORM | NITY | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Manufact | urer's Nam | ne: | Sea-Bir | d Electronics | 5 | | | |
| Manufacturer's Address: | | | 13431 NE | E 20 th Street WA 98005, L | | | | |
| The Autho | orized Rep | resentativ | OTT MES P.O.Box: Ludwigsti Internet: Phone: + | within the C SSTECHNIK G 2140 / 87411 rasse 16 / 874 http://www.ott. 49 831 5617 - 831 5617 - 20 | mbH & Co.I Kempten / C 37 Kempten com 100 | KG Germany | | |
| Device De | escription: | | Various [| Data Acquisitio | n Devices a | nd Sensors | | |
| Model Nu | mbers: | | | | | | | |
| 3S | 3F | 3plus | 4C | 4M | 5T | 5P | 5M | 7 |
| 8 | 9plus | 11plus | 14 | 16plus V2 | 16plus-IM | V2 | 17plus V2 | 18 |
| 19plus V2 | 21 | 25plus | 26plus | 27 | 29 | 32 | 32C | 32SC |
| 33 | 35 | 35RT | 36 | 37-IMP | 37-IM | 37-SMP | 37-SM | 37-SIP |
| 37-SI | 38 | 39 | 39-IM | 39plus | 41 | 41CP | 43 | 43F |
| 44 | 45 | 49 | 50 | 52-MP | 53BPR | 54 | 55 | 56 |
| 63 | SIM | ICC | IMM | PDIM | AFM | 90488 | 90204 | 90402 |
| 90504 | Glider Payl | oad CTD | NiMH Ba | ttery Charger a | and Battery | Pack | | |
| Applicable EU Directives: Machinery Directive 98 / 37 /EC EMC Directive 2004 / 108 /EC Low Voltage Directive (73 / 23 /I Applicable Harmonized Standards: EN 61326-1:2006 Class A Elect Control, and Laboratory Use, Ef Requirements | | | 08 /EC 73 / 23 /EE0 s A Electrica / Use, EMC | l Equipmer Requireme | t for Measure | ement, | | |
| (EN 55011:2007 Group 1, Class A) EN 61010-1:2001, Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipments for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use – Part 1: General Requirements | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | e Essential R I Body 0976 | equiremen | ts and Lett | er of Opinio | n from |
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| Authorize | d Signature | |). | den (| an | | | |
| Name: Nordeen Larson | | | | | | | | |
| Title of Signatory: President | | | | | | | | |
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| Title | 100 | | | 113 | | | | |
| Title | of Signator Date Place | e: 3 Sep | otember 20 vue, WA | 013 | | | | |

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Section 1: Introduction

This section includes contact information, Quick Start procedure, photos of a typical SBE 44 Underwater Inductive Modem (UIM) shipment, and shipping precautions.

About this Manual

This manual is to be used with the SBE 44 UIM.

It is organized to guide the user from installation through operation. We've included detailed specifications, command descriptions, maintenance information, and helpful notes throughout the manual.

Sea-Bird welcomes suggestions for new features and enhancements of our products and/or documentation. Please contact us with any comments or suggestions (seabird@seabird.com or 425-643-9866). Our business hours are Monday through Friday, 0800 to 1700 Pacific Standard Time (1600 to 0100 Universal Time) in winter and 0800 to 1700 Pacific Daylight Time (1500 to 0000 Universal Time) the rest of the year.

Quick Start

Follow these steps to get a Quick Start using the SBE 44. The manual provides step-by-step details for performing each task:

- 1. Perform pre-check (Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment):
 - A. Install lithium AA cells.
 - B. Test power and communications, and set SBE 44 ID.
- 2. Deploy SBE 44 (Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44):
 - A. Install new lithium AA cells if necessary.
 - B. Input system operating parameters.
 - C. Check status (!iiDS) to verify setup.
 - D. Deploying multiple SBE 44s: verify Seaterm set to Prompt ID.
 - E. Install cable connecting SBE 44 to serial instrument.
 - F. Install SBE 44 on mooring cable.
 - G. (optional) Install Inductive Cable Coupler on mooring cable.
 - H. Wire system.

Unpacking SBE 44

Shown below is a typical SBE 44 shipment.



SBE 44





Spare parts (hardware and o-rings) kit



Software, and Electronic Copies of Software Manuals and User Manual



Serial Test Cable – connects SBE 44 to computer to test serial communications through SBE 44's RS-232 bulkhead connector

Note:

SBE 44 can be used with SIM or with IMM; IMM not shown.



Surface Inductive Modem (SIM) PCB (one per mooring, optional)



I/O Cable (included with SIM)



Shipping Precautions

DISCLAIMER / WARNING:

The shipping information provided in is a general overview of lithium shipping requirements; it does not provide complete shipping information. The information is provided as a courtesy, to be used as a guideline to assist properly trained shippers. These materials do not alter, satisfy, or influence any federal or state requirements. These materials are subject to change due to changes in government regulations. Sea-Bird accepts no liability for loss or damage resulting from changes, errors, omissions, or misinterpretations of these materials. See the current edition of the *IATA Dangerous Good Regulations for complete information on packaging, labeling, and shipping document requirements.*



WARNING! Do not ship assembled battery pack.

Assembled battery pack For its main power supply, the SBE 44 uses twelve 3.6-volt AA lithium cells (Saft LS14500). The SBE 44 was shipped from the factory with the cells packaged separately within the shipping box (not inside SBE 44).





If the shipment is not packaged as described above, or does not meet the requirements below, the shipment is considered Dangerous/Hazardous Goods, and must be shipped according to those rules.

| | 1-5 SBE 44s and associated cells, but no spares | 1-5 SBE 44s and associated cells, plus up to 2 spare cell sets/SBE 44 | Spares (without SBE 44s) – Note new rules as of January 1, 2013 | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| UN # | UN3091 | UN3091 | | |
| Packing Instruction (PI) # | 969 | 969 | Must be shipped as | |
| Passenger Aircraft | Yes | Νο | Must be shipped as | |
| Cargo Aircraft | Yes | Yes | Class 9 Dangerous Goods. If re-shipping spares, you must have you | |
| Labeling Requirement | 1 ** | 1, 2 ** | own Dangerous Goods program. | |
| Airway Bill (AWB) Requirement | Yes * | Yes * | own Dangerous Goods program. | |

* AWB must contain following information in Nature and Quantity of Goods Box: "Lithium Metal Batteries", "Not Restricted", "PI #" ** Labels are defined below:



1 – Shipper must provide an emergency phone number

Note:

Remove the cells before returning the SBE 44 to Sea-Bird. Do not return used cells when shipping the SBE 44 for repair. All setup information is preserved when the cells are removed.



Install battery pack assembly in the SBE 44 for testing (see *Battery Pack Installation* in *Section 3*). **If you will re-ship the SBE 44 after testing:** 1. Remove the battery pack assembly from the SBE 44.

- Remove the cells from the battery pack assembly.
- 3. Pack the cells properly for shipment, apply appropriate labels, and prepare appropriate shipping documentation.

Section 2: Description of SBE 44

This section describes the functions and features of the SBE 44, including specifications, dimensions, and mooring requirements.

System Description



Note: For detailed information on inductive modem systems, see *Real-Time Oceanography with Inductive Moorings*, at www.seabird.com under *Technical Papers*.

Note:

Half-duplex communication is **onedirection** at a time (i.e., you cannot send commands and receive data at the same time). For example, if the IMM or SIM commands an SBE 44 to upload data from the serial instrument, nothing else can be done while the data is being sent – the data upload cannot be stopped, and commands cannot be sent to other SBE 44s on the line. The SBE 44 Underwater Inductive Modem (UIM) makes it possible to integrate current meters, Doppler profilers, or other instruments having standard serial interfaces with MicroCATs or other instruments that communicate via Sea-Bird's inductive modem telemetry system. The SBE 44 has a built-in inductive cable coupler (split toroid) and cable clamp, providing data communications without the need for electrical connections, and an easy and secure attachment to any point on a jacketed mooring wire. An underwater bulkhead connector on the end cap provides the serial data connection, an optional control line, and optional switched power out. Designed for moorings and other long duration, fixed-site deployments, SBE 44s have non-corroding titanium housings rated for operation to 7000 meters (23,000 feet).

When using the SBE 44, all that is required to link a computer or data logger to a serial instrument is an Inductive Modem Module (IMM) or Surface Inductive Modem (SIM), and a jacketed mooring wire. Communication between the PC or data logger and the IMM/SIM is full-duplex RS-232C (optional RS-485 for SIM). Commands and data are transmitted half-duplex between the IMM/SIM and the SBE 44. The SBE 44 interprets the commands, relays correctly addressed commands to the serial instrument, and transmits replies from the instrument to the IMM/SIM.

The SBE 44 transmits data over any insulated wire. Communication on a mooring is typically via the jacketed mooring wire. Cables up to 7000 meters (23,000 feet) long can be used. The superiority of the DPSK telemetry system provides a high degree of immunity from *fishbite* or other cable degradation. Laboratory bench testing may be performed by simply looping any insulated wire through the inductive core and connecting the ends of the wire to the IMM/SIM.

Each SBE 44 has a unique programmable address (ID), allowing up to 100 SBE 44s (or other instruments compatible with the Sea-Bird inductive modem) to be attached to a single mooring cable. Upon power up or receipt of the global wakeup command, the SIM sends a tone for two seconds, waking all SBE 44s on the cable. When the SBE 44 receives a command containing its unique ID, it relays the command to the serial instrument and then transmits the reply over the inductive link. A 30 Kbyte FIFO buffer allows the SBE 44 to interface to a serial instrument at 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200 baud while transmitting data at 1200 baud over the inductive modem link. Programmable setup parameters stored in EEPROM include timeout values, control signal logic, and sensor response termination logic, allowing the SBE 44 to interface to a wide variety of instruments without requiring custom programming. A global power-off command returns all SBE 44s to a quiescent (sleep) stand-by state. The SBE 44 automatically returns to quiescent state if there is no line activity for a user-specified length of time.

| lanual revision 022 | Section 2: Description of SBE 44 SBE 44 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note: Characters sent from the serial instrument to the SBE 44 must be greater than 09 decimal (09 Hex) and less than 123 decimal (7B Hex). Additionally, the @ symbol (64 decimal or 40 Hex) cannot be sent. | Data can be requested and transmitted from the serial instrument in several ways, including: Relay command – sends a user-defined command string, character, or break recognizable by the serial instrument. This command is sent to a specific SBE 44, which transmits the character string / break to the serial instrument. The serial instrument replies to the SBE 44, which immediately transmits the reply to the SIM and computer/controller. Use a Relay command when you want data from a particular serial instrument, and do not want to synchronize with data from other serial instruments. Get Data command – sends a user-defined character string recognizable by the serial instrument. Get Data can be global (sent to all SBE 44s on the cable) or local (sent to a specific SBE 44). The SBE 44 transmits the character string to the serial instrument. The serial instrument replies to the SBE 44, which holds the reply in a buffer. Another command gets the reply from a specific SBE 44 and transmits it to the IMM/SIM and computer/controller. Use the global Get Data command when you want synchronized data from each SBE 44 (and attached serial instrument) on the cable. |
| | The SBE 44's internal battery pack uses twelve AA lithium cells. The SBE 44 can be externally powered, and can provide power to the serial instrument from either the external source or its internal battery pack, via the switched power output pin on the bulkhead connector. |
| Note: Help files provide detailed information | The SBE 44 is supplied with a powerful Windows software package, Seasoft V2, which includes: |
| on Seaterm. | • Seaterm - terminal program for easy communication with the SBE 44 (via the IMM or SIM) and data retrieval. |

Specifications

| Internal Battery Pack | Nominal 10.6 Amp-hour pack consisting of 12 AA Saft LS 14500 lithium cells (3.6 V, 2.45 Amp-hours each); derated to 8.8 Amp-hours (if not supplying power to serial instrument) or 5.7 Amp-hours (if supplying power to serial instrument). See <i>Battery Endurance</i> for example calculation. Also see <i>Shipping Precautions</i> in <i>Section 1: Introduction</i>. Note: Saft cells (www.saftbatteries.com) can be purchased from Sea-Bird or other sources. Alternatively, substitute: Tadiran TL-4903, AA (3.6 V, 2.4 Amp-hours each) (www.tadiran.com), or Electrochem 3B0064/BCX85, AA (3.9 V, 2.0 Amp-hours each) (www.electrochemsolutions.com) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current | Quiescent Current: < 100 microAmps Operating Current: 10 milliAmps Maximum Current to serial instrument: 1.5 Amps (see <i>Battery Pack Endurance</i> for length of deployment) |
| Materials | Titanium pressure case rated at 7000 meters (23,000 feet) |
| Serial Instrument Interface | RS-232 standard |
| Weight | <i>In water:</i> 2.1 kg (4.7 lbs) <i>In air:</i> 3.2 kg (7.1 lbs) |

10

Note:

control signal.

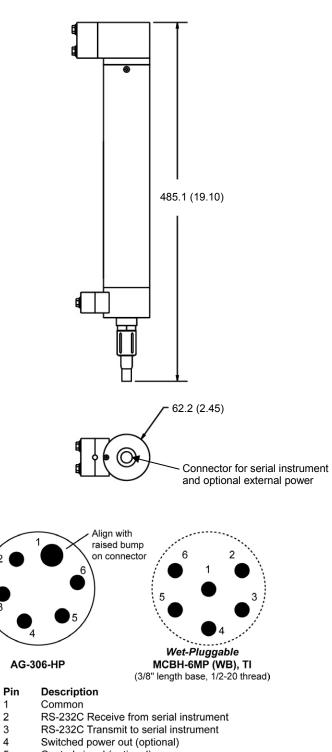
See Appendix V: SBE 44

Interface PCB Configuration for required jumper settings for switched power out and

Dimensions and Bulkhead Connector

Dimensions in millimeters (inches).





- 5 Control signal (optional)
- External power in (10-20 VDC) (optional) 6

1

2

3

4

External Power (optional)

The SBE 44 can be powered from an external source through pin 6 on the bulkhead connector. The internal battery pack is diode-OR'd with the external source, so **power for the SBE 44** is drawn from whichever voltage source is higher. The SBE 44 can also be operated from the external supply without having the lithium batteries installed.

Power for the serial instrument (if connecting to pin 4, switched power out, on the bulkhead connector) is drawn from the SBE 44's battery pack or from the external power source, depending on the J2 jumper setting on the SBE 44 Interface PCB (see *Appendix V: SBE 44 Interface PCB Configuration*).

Battery Pack Endurance

Sea-Bird recommends using these recommended capacity values for Saft cells as well as for the alternate

Electrochem 3B0064/BCX85 AA).

cells (Tadiran TL-4903 and

The battery pack has a nominal capacity of 10.6 Amp-hours. This is lower than the Saft factory capacity rating (2.45 Amp-hours * 6 = 14.7 Amp-hours), because the cell holder includes voltage up-conversion circuitry that consumes some capacity. For planning purposes, to account for the SBE 44's current consumption patterns and for environmental conditions affecting cell performance, **Sea-Bird recommends using a conservative value:**

- SBE 44 not providing power to serial instrument 8.8 Amp-hours
- SBE 44 providing power to serial instrument 5.7 Amp-hours

Current consumption is as follows:

- SBE 44's 10 mA operating current is drawn during each of these stages:
 - 1. Sampling While the serial instrument is sampling, including any delays programmed into the system.
 - 2. Communication While the SBE 44 is transmitting data from its buffer to the IMM/SIM. Assuming the fastest practical interrogation scheme (wake all SBE 44s on mooring, send GData, send Dataii to each SBE 44, and power off all SBE 44s), the operating current is drawn for approximately 0.5 sec per SBE 44 on the mooring. Each SBE 44 draws this current while any of the SBE 44s are being queried to transmit data. Other interrogation schemes require more time.
- Optional power for the serial instrument (if connecting serial instrument to pin 4, switched power out, on the bulkhead connector, and J2 on the SBE 44 Interface PCB is set to pins 1 and 2) can be up to 1.5 Amps.
- Quiescent current is less than 100 microAmps (0.9 AH per year). So, battery pack endurance is highly dependent on the user-programmed sampling scheme. An example is shown below for one sampling scheme.

Example:

Note:

10 SBE 44s are deployed on a mooring, and each is powering a serial instrument that draws 50 mA for 3 sec every time it samples. Every 10 minutes, simultaneous data is requested using **GData**, and then data is transmitted sequentially from each SBE 44 using **Dataii**. How long can the instruments be deployed? **Power to serial instrument** = 50 mA * 3 sec sampling time = 0.150 Amp-sec/sample SBE 44 operating current while powering serial instrument = 10 mA * 3 sec sampling time = 0.030 Amp-sec/sample In 1 hour, sampling consumption = 6 samples * (0.150 + 0.030 Amp-sec/sample) = **1.08 Amp-sec/hour Communication** current = 10 mA * 0.5 sec/SBE 44 to be queried * 10 SBE 44s on mooring = 0.05 Amp-sec/query In 1 hour, communication current = 6 queries * 0.05 Amp-sec/query = **0.30 Amp-sec/hour Quiescent** current = 100 microAmps = 0.1 mA

In 1 hour, quiescent current consumption ≈ 0.1 mA * 3600 sec/hour = 0.36 Amp-sec/hour

In 1 hour, the current consumption is:

Total current consumption / hour = 1.08 + 0.30 + 0.36 = 1.74 Amp-sec

Capacity = (5.7 Amp-hours * 3600 sec/hr) / (1.74 Amp-sec/hour) = 11,800 hours = 490 days = 1.3 years

Surface Inductive Modem (SIM) or Inductive Modem Module (IMM)

A Surface Inductive Modem or Inductive Modem Module is required for communication with the SBE 44. These devices impress (*modulate*) the mooring cable with a DPSK signal that is encoded with commands received from the computer/controller. The encoded signals are *demodulated* by SBE 44s coupled to the mooring cable. Replies from SBE 44s are similarly coupled to the mooring cable and *demodulated* by the devices.

Surface Inductive Modem (SIM)

The SIM must be supplied with 7 to 25 volts DC power. The SIM's operating current is approximately 30 milliAmps.

The user's computer or buoy controller can be interfaced via RS-232 (optional RS-485) serial port to the SIM. The standard interface protocol between the user's computer/controller and SIM is 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600 baud (user-selectable); 8 data bits; no parity; RS-232C; with echoing of characters.

The DPSK communication link between the SIM and IM instruments is halfduplex, so talking and listening is sequential only (cannot send and receive at the same time). Although the data link between the SIM and computer/controller is established at 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600 baud, the DPSK modem communication between SIM and IM instruments always operates at 1200 baud. Communication between the SBE 44 and serial instrument is user-selectable at 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200 baud.

Inductive Modem Module (IMM)

The IMM must be supplied with 7 to 24 volts DC power. The maximum operating current is approximately 15 milliAmps. When using the SBE 44 with the IMM, a minimum of 20 ohms impedance is required.

The user's computer or buoy controller is interfaced via RS-232 serial port to the IMM. The standard interface protocol between the computer/controller and IMM is 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200 baud (user-selectable); 8 data bits; no parity; RS-232C.

The DPSK communication link between the IMM and IM instrument(s) is half-duplex, so talking and listening is sequential only (cannot send and receive at the same time). Although the data link between the IMM and the user's computer/controller is established at 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200, the DPSK modem communication between IMM and IM instruments always operates at 1200 baud.

See the IMM Manual for details.

Mooring Cable and Wiring Requirements

Notes:

 For wiring, see applicable document:

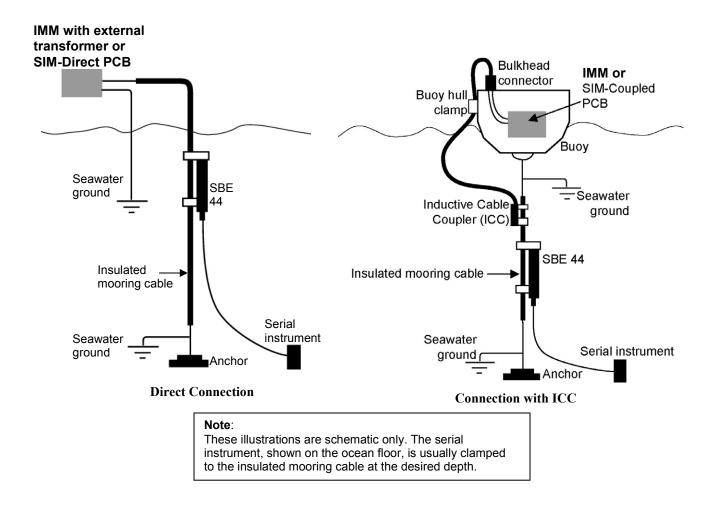
 Appendix IV: SIM Hookup and Configuration.
 OR
 IMM manual.

• See Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board for a schematic of that specialized application. The SBE 44 can mechanically accommodate mooring cables up to 16 mm (0.63 inches) in diameter. Clamps for specific cable diameters are available, or can be supplied on a custom basis. Suitable mooring cables use steel wire rope with a polypropylene or polyethylene insulating jacket. The SIM operates without data errors using up to 7000 meters (23,000 feet) of 3 mm (0.12 inches) or larger cable.

The mooring cable must provide connection to seawater ground below the deepest IM instrument. Terminating the wire with a metallic eye or clevis readily provides this connection.

The mooring cable must also provide for connection to the IMM or SIM:

- In a direct connection (typical cable-to-shore applications), the bottom end of the wire is grounded to seawater, and the top end remains insulated to the connection to the IMM/SIM. A second wire from the IMM/SIM connects to seawater ground, completing the circuit.
- In typical surface buoys it is often preferable to connect the jacketed mooring wire to the buoy with a length of chain, grounding the jacketed wire to seawater at each end. An Inductive Cable Coupler (ICC) connects the IMM/SIM to the jacketed wire above the uppermost IM instrument and below the point where the wire is grounded.



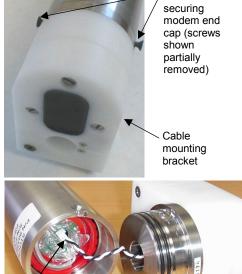
Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment

This section describes installation of the battery pack, installation of software, testing power and communications, and setting the SBE 44 ID.

Battery Pack Installation

WARNING! Do not ship the SBE 44 with battery pack installed. See Shipping Precautions in Section 1: Introduction.

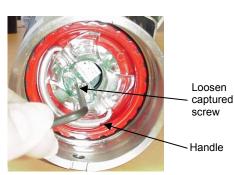




Molex connector

O-rings

Screws



Description of Cells and Battery Pack

Sea-Bird supplies twelve 3.6-volt AA lithium cells, shipped with the SBE 44 in a heat-sealed plastic bag placed in bubble wrap and a cardboard box. The empty cell holder is installed inside the SBE 44 for shipment.

No soldering is required when assembling the battery pack.

Installing Cells and Battery Pack

- 1. Remove the modem end cap:
 - A. Wipe the outside of the modem end cap and housing dry, being careful to remove any water at the seam between them.
 - B. Remove the 2 flat Phillips-head titanium machine screws. Do not remove any other screws from the housing.
 - C. Remove the end cap by pulling firmly and steadily on the plastic cable mounting bracket/inductive coupler. It may be necessary to twist or rock the end cap back and forth or use a non-marring tool on the edge of the cap to loosen it.
 - D. The end cap is electrically connected to the electronics with a 3-pin Molex connector. Holding the wire cluster near the connector, pull gently to detach the female end of the connector from the pins.
 - E. Remove any water from the O-ring mating surfaces inside the housing with a lint-free cloth or tissue.
 - F. Put the end cap aside, being careful to protect the O-rings from damage or contamination.

2. Remove the battery pack assembly from the housing:

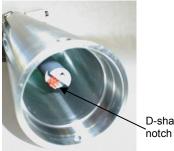
- A. Loosen the captured screw from the battery cover plate, using the 7/64-inch Allen wrench included with the shipment.
- B. Lift the battery pack assembly straight out of the housing, using the handle.

15



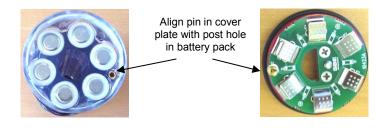


Roll 2 O-rings into grooves after inserting cells



D-shaped

- SBE 44
- 3 Keep the handle in an upright position. Holding the edge of the **red** cover plate, unscrew the cover plate from the battery pack assembly. Note: Some MicroCATs use a battery pack with a yellow cover plate; the wiring of that pack is different from this one, and cannot be used with the SBE 44.
- Roll the 2 O-rings on the outside of the battery pack out of their grooves. 4.
- 5. Insert each cell into the pack, **positive end (+) first**.
- 6. Roll the 2 O-rings on the outside of the battery pack into place in the grooves. The O-rings compress the side of the battery pack and hold the cells tightly in place in the pack.
- 7. Reinstall the battery pack cover plate:
 - A. Align the pin on the battery cover plate PCB with the post hole in the battery pack housing.
 - B. Place the handle in an upright position. Screw the red cover plate onto the battery pack assembly. Ensure the cover is tightly screwed on to provide a reliable electrical contact.



- Replace the battery pack assembly in the housing:
 - A. Align the D-shaped opening in the cover plate with the D-shaped notch on the shaft. Lower the assembly slowly into the housing, and once aligned, push gently to mate the banana plugs on the battery compartment bulkhead with the lower PCB. A post at the bottom of the battery compartment mates with a hole in the battery pack's lower PCB to prevent improper alignment.
 - B. Secure the assembly to the shaft with the captured screw, using the 7/64-inch Allen wrench. Ensure the screw is tight to provide a reliable electrical contact.
- 9. Reinstall the modem end cap:
 - A. Remove any water from the O-rings and mating surfaces in the housing with a lint-free cloth or tissue. Inspect the O-rings and mating surfaces for dirt, nicks, and cuts. Clean as necessary. Apply a light coat of O-ring lubricant (Parker Super O Lube) to the O-rings and mating surfaces.
 - B. Plug the female end of the 3-pin Molex connector onto the pins, with the flat portion of the female end against the flat portion of the 'D' cutout. Verify the connector is properly aligned - a backward connection will prevent communication with the computer.
 - C. Carefully fit the end cap into the housing until the O-rings are fully seated.
 - D. Reinstall the 2 flat Phillips-head titanium screws to secure the end cap.

Software Installation

Notes:

- Help files provide detailed information on the software.
- It is possible to use the SBE 44 without the Seaterm terminal program by sending direct commands from a dumb terminal or terminal emulator, such as Windows HyperTerminal.
- Sea-Bird supplies the current version of our software when you purchase an instrument. As software revisions occur, we post the revised software on our FTP site. See our website (www.seabird.com) for the latest software version number, a description of the software changes, and instructions for downloading the software from the FTP site.

Seasoft V2 was designed to work with a PC running Windows XP service pack 2 or later, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.

If not already installed, install Seaterm and other Sea-Bird software programs on your computer using the supplied software CD:

- 1. Insert the CD in your CD drive.
- 2. Install software: Double click on **SeasoftV2.exe**. Follow the dialog box directions to install the software. The installation program allows you to install the desired components. Install all the components, or just install Seaterm (terminal program).

The default location for the software is c:\Program Files\Sea-Bird. Within that folder is a sub-directory for each program.

Power and Communications Test and Setting SBE 44 IDs – Using Surface Inductive Modem (SIM)

Note:

You can also simulate the serial instrument using only one computer, if the computer has a spare COM port. Test instructions below are written assuming you are using a second computer.

Note:

For testing and setup, an ICC is not required, even if using SIM-Coupled.

Notes:

- If more than one IM instrument is on-line when you set the ID, all IM instruments will be set to the same ID. The inductive modem receivers in IM instruments are very sensitive; two IM instruments that are side-by-side will take the same ID, even if one of them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, separate IM instruments by at least 2 meters when setting IDs.
- Important! For Normal Deployed operation, reinstall the jumper across J5.

Locking sleeve



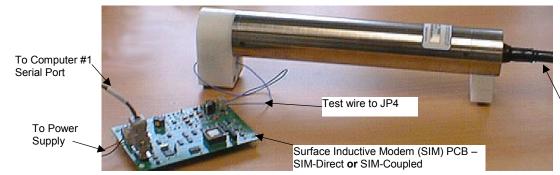


The power and communications test will verify that the system works, prior to deployment. It requires a computer (*Computer* #I) to send commands to the SIM, and connection of the SBE 44's bulkhead connector to one of the following:

- to the serial instrument you intend to use when deployed, or
- to a second computer to simulate the serial instrument (*Computer* #2) an optional serial instrument test cable can be supplied by Sea-Bird.

Test Setup with SIM

- 1. Loop insulated wire through the SBE 44's modem coupling core to simulate a mooring cable. Connect the test wire ends to the SIM's mooring cable terminals (JP4) (see *Appendix IV: SIM Hookup and Configuration*).
- On the SIM, remove the J5 jumper (see *Appendix IV*). This inserts a 1K resistor in series with the inductive loop and reduces signal amplitude, preventing SBE 44s that are near, but not attached to, the inductive loop from responding to commands (especially important when sending ***ID**= command).
- 3. Connect the SIM to a 7-25 VDC power supply. Approximately 30 milliAmps are required. **Do not turn on the power supply yet**.
- 4. Connect the SIM to Computer #1's serial port using the 9-pin to 9-pin cable supplied with the SIM.
- 5. If a dummy plug and locking sleeve is installed on the connector: By hand, unscrew the locking sleeve from the SBE 44's bulkhead connector. If you must use a wrench or pliers, be careful not to loosen the bulkhead connector instead of the locking sleeve. Remove the dummy plug from the SBE 44's bulkhead connector by pulling the plug firmly away from the connector.
- 6. Install the serial instrument cable or the test cable:
 AG Connector align the raised bump on the side of the connector with the large pin (pin 1 ground) on the SBE 44. OR
 MCBH Connector align the pins with the pins on the SBE 44.
- 7. Connect the other end of the serial instrument cable or test cable to the desired instrument or to Computer #2.



From SBE 44 to serial instrument or Computer #2 serial port

Test and Set SBE 44 ID Using SBE 44 with SIM

Note:

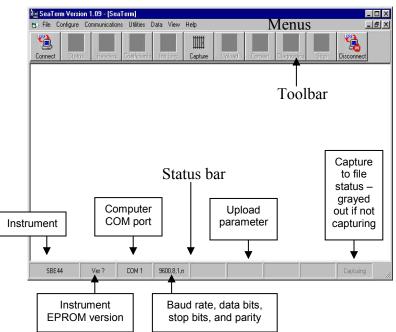
See Seaterm's Help files for detailed information on the use of the program.

1. **On Computer #1** - Double click on Seaterm.exe. If this is the first time the program is used, the setup dialog box may appear:



Select the instrument type (SBE 44) and the computer COM port for communication with the SBE 44. Click OK.

2. The main screen looks like this:



Note:

There is at least one way, and as many as three ways, to enter a command:

- Manually type a command in Command/Data Echo Area
- Use a menu to automatically generate a command
- Use a Toolbar button to automatically generate a command

Note:

Once the system is configured and connected (Steps 3 through 5 below), to update the Status bar:

- on the Toolbar, click Status; or
- from the Utilities menu, select Instrument Status.

Seaterm sends the status command, which displays in the Command/Data Echo Area, and updates the Status bar.

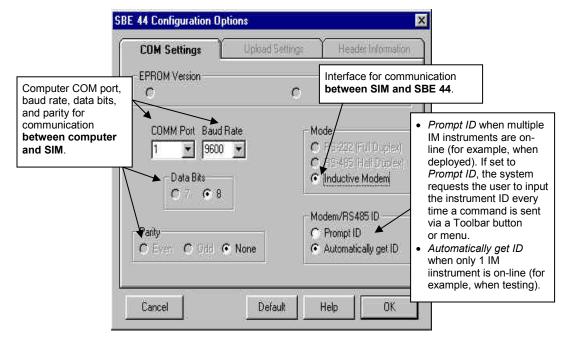
- Menus Contains tasks and frequently executed instrument commands.
- Toolbar Contains buttons for frequently executed tasks and instrument commands. All tasks and commands accessed through the Toolbar are also available in the Menus. To display or hide the Toolbar, select View Toolbar in the View menu. Grayed out Toolbar buttons are not applicable.
- Command/Data Echo Area Echoes a command executed using a Menu or Toolbar button, as well as the instrument's response. Additionally, a command can be manually typed in this area, from the available commands for the instrument. The instrument must be *awake* for it to respond to a command (use Connect on the Toolbar to wake up the instrument).
- Status bar Provides status information. To display or hide the Status bar, select View Status bar in the View menu.

Following are the Toolbar buttons applicable to the SBE 44:

| Toolbar Buttons | Description | Equivalent Command* |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Connect | Re-establish communications by sending wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Computer responds with S> prompt. SBE 44s <i>go to sleep</i> after user-programmable timeout (!iiTimeOut – default is 120 sec) without communication from computer have elapsed. | PwrOn |
| Status | Display instrument setup status (timeout settings, power-up settings, etc.). | !iiDS |
| Capture | Capture instrument responses on screen to file. File has .cap extension. Press Capture again to turn off capture. Capture status displays in Status bar. | _ |
| Disconnect | Free computer COM port used to communicate with SBE 44. COM port can then be used by another program. | _ |

*See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44.

3. In the Configure menu, select SBE 44. The dialog box looks like this:



Notes:

- Seaterm's baud must be the same as the SIM baud (set with **Baud=**). Baud is factory-set to 9600, but can be changed by the user (see *Command Descriptions* in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44*).
- When you click OK, Seaterm saves the Configuration Options settings to the Seaterm.ini file in your Windows directory. Seaterm.ini contains the last saved settings for each instrument (SBE 37, 44, etc.). When you open Seaterm and select the desired instrument in the Configure menu, the Configuration Options dialog box shows the last saved settings for that instrument.
- When deploying on a mooring cable with multiple SBE 44s, change Modem/RS485
 ID to Prompt ID after testing is complete.

Make the selections in the Configuration Options dialog box:

- **COMM Port**: COM 1 through COM 10, as applicable
- **Baud Rate**: 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600, as applicable
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Mode: Inductive Modem
- Modem/RS485 ID: Automatically get I.D.

Click OK to save the settings.

Note:

The display shows 37 because the SIM was originally developed for the SBE 37-IM MicroCAT.

Note:

The SIM and SBE 44 have timeout algorithms designed to:

- restore control to the computer if an illegal command is sent
- conserve power if too much time elapses between commands

If the system does not respond, see *Timeout Descriptions* in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44.* 4. Turn on the SIM power supply (if already on, turn it off and then on again). The display looks like this:
37 SURFACE MODEM V 3.0

```
S>
```

Sending wake up tone, wait 4 seconds S>

This shows that correct communications between the computer and the SIM has been established, and the SIM has sent the wake-up signal to the SBE 44.

If the system does not respond as shown above:

- Click Connect on the Toolbar.
- Verify the correct instrument was selected in the Configure menu and the settings were entered correctly in the Configuration Options dialog box. The baud rate is documented on the Configuration Sheet.
- Check cabling between the computer, the SIM, and the SBE 44.
- 5. Click Connect on the Toolbar. This allows the system to use the *Automatically get ID* feature when using the Toolbar keys or menus.
- 6. Confirm the SBE 44 has responded to the wake-up signal by typing **ID**? and pressing the Enter key. The display looks like this:

id=01

where 01 is the number set at the factory or by the previous user. See the Configuration Sheet for the factory-set identification (ID) number. The ID is stored in the SBE 44's EEPROM and can be changed so that multiple SBE 44s on a single mooring each have a unique ID.

Press the Enter key to get the S> prompt.

7. Display SBE 44 status information by typing **!iiDS** (ii=SBE 44 ID) and pressing the Enter key. The display looks like this:

```
SBE 44 UNDERWATER MODEM V 1.9a
sensor baud rate = 9600
break character length = 500 milliseconds
time out after 30 seconds without receiving a valid command
termination character is 62, char =>
Relay Command Settings:
 relay termination characters = <CR><LF>
 total time for response = 15 seconds
 wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command
 halt relay after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters
GDATA Command Settings:
 total time for response = 30 seconds
 wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command
 halt acquisition after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters
 GDATA command string = NO STRING
include gdata reply delay in datann reply
do not enable control line on power up
enable control line before relaying command
enable control line before sending GDATA command
do not switch power to sensor on power up
switch power to sensor before relaying command
switch power to sensor before sending GDATA command
```

Press the Enter key to get the S> prompt.

Note:

Steps 8 through 10 apply if you are connected to a second computer for testing purposes. If you are connected to the sensor (serial instrument), test the system using the commands described in Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44.

Note:

Characters sent from the serial instrument (or from Computer #2) to the SBE 44 must be greater than 09 decimal (09 Hex) and less than @ symbol (64 decimal or 40 Hex) cannot be sent.

123 decimal (7B Hex). Additionally, the

Note: If more than one IM instrument is on-line when you set the ID, all IM instruments will be set to the same **ID.** The inductive modem receivers in IM instruments are very sensitive; two IM instruments that are side-by-side will take the same ID, even if one of them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, separate IM instruments by at least 2 meters when setting IDs.

- 8 **On Computer #2** – Set up Computer #2 as if it was an SBE 37 communicating with RS-232:
 - A. Double click on Seaterm.exe.
 - B. If the setup dialog box appears, select the instrument type (SBE 37) and the computer COM port for communication with the SBE 37. Click OK.
 - C. In the main screen's Configure menu, select SBE 37.
 - D. Make the selections in the Configuration Options dialog box:
 - **COMM Port**: COM 1 through COM 10, as applicable
 - Baud Rate: (baud rate reported as sensor baud rate from Computer #1 in Step 7)
 - Data Bits: 8 .
 - Parity: None .
 - Mode: RS-232 (Full Duplex)
 - Modem/RS485 ID: (not applicable)

Click OK to save the settings.

- 9. On Computer #1 Type #iiSENSORTEST (ii=SBE 44 ID).
- 10. On Computer #2 Display should show SENSORTEST. Immediately begin typing on Computer #2. The characters will echo on Computer #1, until **one** of the following end-of-relay conditions are met:
 - SIM times out (default for **RelayMax**, total time allowed for reply, is 20 sec
 - SBE 44 times out (default for !iiRTotalMax, total time allowed for reply, is 15 sec)
 - SBE 44 receives a termination character (default for !iiTermChar, • sensor reply termination character, is >)
 - SBE 44 detects a gap between received characters in the reply, which . acts as a termination character (default for **!iiRTermMax**, maximum gap between characters in reply, is 1000 millisec)

The remaining steps refer to commands on Computer #1.

- 11. Each SBE 44 on a mooring must have a unique ID for communicating with the SIM and computer. Set the ID as described below, first verifying that only one SBE 44 is on-line before you set the ID:
 - A. Set the SBE 44 ID by typing ***ID=ii** (ii= user-assigned ID number) and pressing the Enter key.
 - The computer responds by requesting verification, requiring you to Β. again type ***ID=ii** and press the Enter key.
 - C. Record the ID for future reference.
 - D. Press the Enter key to get the S> prompt.
 - E. Click Connect on the Toolbar. This allows the system to use the Automatically get I.D. feature when using the Toolbar keys or menus.
- 12. Send additional commands, as desired.
- 13. Command the SBE 44 to go to sleep (quiescent state) by typing **PwrOff** and pressing the Enter key.

The SBE 44 is ready for deployment.

Important! When testing and ID setting is complete for all the SBE 44s, reinstall the J5 jumper on the SIM PCB. The jumper must be installed for Normal Deployed operation.

Power and Communications Test and Setting SBE 44 IDs – Using Inductive Modem Module (IMM)

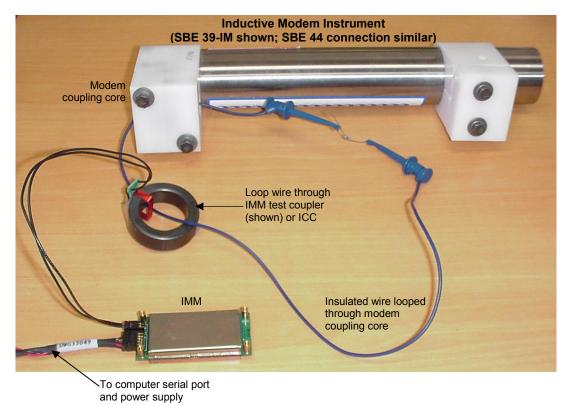
The power and communications test will verify that the system works, prior to deployment.

Test Setup with IMM

Note:

If more than one IM instrument is on-line when you set the ID, all IM instruments will be set to the same ID. The inductive modem receivers in IM instruments are very sensitive; two IM instruments that are side-by-side will take the same ID, even if one of them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, separate IM instruments by at least 2 meters when setting IDs.

- 1. Loop insulated wire through the SBE 44's modem coupling core to simulate a mooring cable. Place the other end of the loop through the IMM test coupler (supplied with the IMM) or the ICC. Connect the wire ends from the IMM test coupler or ICC to the IMM's mooring cable terminals (J1) (see IMM Manual).
- 2. Sea-Bird recommends a minimum of 20 ohms impedance to reduce noise during testing.
- 3. Connect the IMM to your computer's serial port and to a 7-24 VDC power supply using the cable supplied with the IMM. A maximum of 15 mA is required.



Setup of IMM for use with SBE 44

Note:

See the IMM manual for complete details on the use and setup of the IMM.

Sea-Bird recommends **one** of the following setups of the IMM for use with the SBE 44:

To make full use of IMM capabilities:

*Init

*Init (Resets IMM to factory default state [must be sent twice]) SetConfigType=2 SetEnableAutoIMFlag=0 SetEnableBackSpace=1 SetEnableBinaryData=0 SetEnableEcho=1 SetEnableHostFlagConfirm=0 SetEnableHostFlagTerm=0 SetEnableHostFlagWakeup=0 SetEnableHostPromptConfirm=0 SetEnableHostServeOnPwrUp=1 SetEnablePrompt=1 SetEnableHostWakeupCR=0 SetEnableSignalDetector=0 SetTermFromHost=36 SetTermToHost=13

To have the IMM emulate the SIM:

*Init

*Init (Resets IMM to factory default state [must be sent twice]) SetConfigType=1 SetEnableBinaryData=0

Verify that the IMM is set up as described by sending the **GetCD** command before proceeding with the SBE 44 setup.

A script including one of the above setups should be included in the buoy controller, to allow the IMM to be reset to the appropriate state if it becomes corrupted.

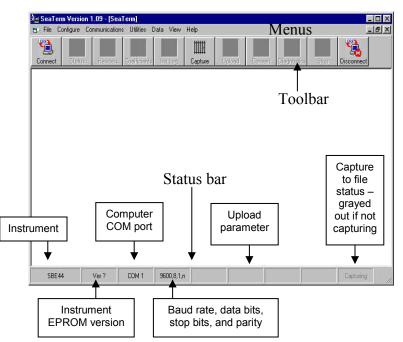
Test and Set SBE 44 ID Using SBE 44 with IMM

Note: See Seaterm's Help files. 1. **On Computer #1** - Double click on Seaterm.exe. If this is the first time the program is used, the setup dialog box may appear:



Select the instrument type (SBE 44) and the computer COM port for communication with the SBE 44. Click OK.

2. The main screen looks like this:



Note:

There is at least one way, and as many as three ways, to enter a command:

- Manually type a command in Command/Data Echo Area
- Use a menu to automatically generate a command
- Use a Toolbar button to automatically generate a command

Note:

Once the system is configured and connected (Steps 3 through 5 below), to update the Status bar:

- on the Toolbar, click Status; or
- from the Utilities menu, select

Instrument Status. Seaterm sends the status command, which displays in the Command/Data Echo Area, and updates the Status bar.

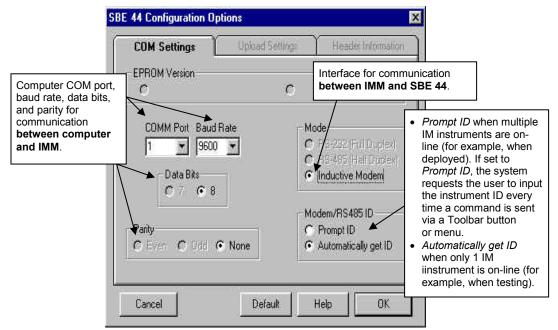
- Menus Contains tasks and frequently executed instrument commands.
- Toolbar Contains buttons for frequently executed tasks and instrument commands. All tasks and commands accessed through the Toolbar are also available in the Menus. To display or hide the Toolbar, select View Toolbar in the View menu. Grayed out Toolbar buttons are not applicable.
- Command/Data Echo Area Echoes a command executed using a Menu or Toolbar button, as well as the instrument's response. Additionally, a command can be manually typed in this area, from the available commands for the instrument. The instrument must be *awake* for it to respond to a command (use Connect on the Toolbar to wake up the instrument).
- Status bar Provides status information. To display or hide the Status bar, select View Status bar in the View menu.

Following are the Toolbar buttons applicable to the SBE 44:

| Toolbar Buttons | Description | Equivalent Command* |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Connect | Re-establish communications by sending wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Computer responds with S> prompt. SBE 44s <i>go to sleep</i> after user-programmable timeout (!iiTimeOut – default is 120 sec) without communication from computer have elapsed. | PwrOn |
| Status | Display instrument setup status (timeout settings, power-up settings, etc.). | !iiDS |
| Capture | Capture instrument responses on screen to file. File has .cap extension. Press Capture again to turn off capture. Capture status displays in Status bar. | _ |
| Disconnect | Disconnect Free computer COM port used to communicate with SBE 44. COM port can then be used by another program. | |

*See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44.

3. In the Configure menu, select SBE 44 IM. The dialog box looks like this:



Notes:

- Seaterm's baud must be the same as the IMM baud. The IMM baud is factoryset to 9600, but can be changed by the user (set with Baud= or SetBaudRate=; see IMM manual).
- When you click OK, Seaterm saves the Configuration Options settings to the Seaterm.ini file in your Windows directory. Seaterm.ini contains the last saved settings for each instrument (SBE 37, 44, etc.). When you open Seaterm and select the desired instrument in the Configure menu, the Configuration Options dialog box shows the last saved settings for that instrument.
- When deploying on a mooring cable with multiple SBE 44s, change Modem/RS485
 ID to Prompt ID after testing is complete.

Make the selections in the Configuration Options dialog box:

- COMM Port: COM 1 through COM 10, as applicable
 Baud Rate: 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600, as applicable
 - **Baud Rate**: 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600, as applicable (Note: The IMM can also communicate with the computer at 19200 baud, but the current version of Seaterm does not support this higher baud rate.)
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Mode: Inductive Modem
- Modem/RS485 ID: Automatically get I.D.

Click OK to save the settings.

- 4. Turn on the IMM power supply.
- 5. Send GetHD to get IMM status information.
- 6. Connect to the SBE 44 as follows:
 - If the IMM is set to **ConfigType=1**: Send **PwrOn** to wake up all IM instruments on the line.
 - If the IMM is set to **ConfigType=2**: Send **ForceCaptureLine** to reserve the IM line by transmitting a carrier signal. Then send **SendWakeupTone** to wake up all IM instruments on the line.
- Confirm the SBE 44 has responded to the wake-up signal by typing ID? and pressing the Enter key. The display looks like this: id=01

where 01 is the number set at the factory or by the previous user. See the Configuration Sheet for the factory-set identification (ID) number. The ID is stored in the SBE 44's EEPROM and can be changed so that multiple SBE 44s on a single mooring each have a unique ID.

8. Display SBE 44 status information by typing **!iiDS** (ii=SBE 44 ID) and pressing the Enter key. The display looks like this:

Note:

| The IMM and SBE 44 have timeout algorithms designed to: restore control to the computer if an illegal command is sent | SBE 44 UNDERWATER MODEM V 1.9a sensor baud rate = 9600 break character length = 500 milliseconds time out after 30 seconds without receiving a valid command termination character is 62, char => |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| conserve power if too much | Relay Command Settings: |
| time elapses between | relay termination characters = <cr><lf></lf></cr> |
| commands | total time for response = 15 seconds |
| If the system does not appear to | wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command |
| respond: | halt relay after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters |
| If ConfigType=1: | GDATA Command Settings: |
| send PwrOn . | total time for response = 30 seconds |
| | wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command |
| If ConfigType=2: | halt acquisition after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters |
| wait at least 1 sec, send | GDATA command string = NO STRING |
| ForceCaptureLine, and send | include gdata reply delay in datann reply |
| SendWakeupTone. | do not enable control line on power up |
| See Timeout Descriptions in | enable control line before relaying command |
| Section 4: Deploying and | enable control line before sending GDATA command |
| Operating SBE 44 and the | do not switch power to sensor on power up |
| | switch power to sensor before relaying command |
| IMM manual. | switch power to sensor before sending GDATA command |

- 9. If there is no communication (no response to id? and/or no response to !iiDS):
 - Verify the correct instrument was selected in the Configure menu and the settings were entered correctly in the Configuration Options dialog box. The baud rate is documented on the Configuration Sheet.
 - Check cabling between the computer, the IMM, and the SBE 44.

Note:

Steps 10 through 12 apply if you are connected to a second computer for testing purposes. If you are connected to the sensor (serial instrument), test the system using the commands described in *Command Descriptions* in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44.*

- 10. **On Computer #2** Set up Computer #2 as if it was an SBE 37 communicating with RS-232:
 - A. Double click on Seaterm.exe.
 - B. If the setup dialog box appears, select the instrument type (SBE 44 IM) and the computer COM port for communication with the SBE 44. Click OK.
 - C. In the main screen's Configure menu, select SBE 44 IM.
 - D. Make the selections in the Configuration Options dialog box:
 - **COMM Port**: COM 1 through COM 10, as applicable
 - **Baud Rate**: (baud rate reported as **sensor baud rate** from Computer #1 in Step 8)
 - Data Bits: 8
 - Parity: None
 - Mode: RS-232 (Full Duplex)
 - Modem/RS485 ID: (not applicable)

Click OK to save the settings.

- 11. On Computer #1 Type #iiSENSORTEST (ii=SBE 44 ID).
- 12. **On Computer #2** Display should show **SENSORTEST**. Immediately begin typing on Computer #2. The characters will echo on Computer #1, until **one** of the following end-of-relay conditions are met:
 - IMM times out (see IMM manual)
 - SBE 44 times out (default for **!iiRTotalMax**, total time allowed for reply, is 15 sec)
 - SBE 44 receives a termination character (default for **!iiTermChar**, sensor reply termination character, is >)
 - SBE 44 detects a gap between received characters in the reply, which acts as a termination character (default for **!iiRTermMax**, maximum gap between characters in reply, is 1000 millisec)

The remaining steps refer to commands on **Computer #1**.

Note:

If more than one IM instrument is on-line when you set the ID, all IM instruments will be set to the same ID. The inductive modem receivers in IM instruments are very sensitive; two IM instruments that are side-by-side will take the same ID, even if one of them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, separate IM instruments by at least 2 meters when setting IDs.

- 13. Each SBE 44 on a mooring must have a unique ID for communicating with the IMM and computer. Set the ID as described below, first verifying that only one SBE 44 is on-line before you set the ID:
 - A. Set the SBE 44 ID by typing ***ID=ii** (ii= user-assigned ID number) and pressing the Enter key.
 - B. The computer responds by requesting verification, requiring you to again type ***ID=ii** and press the Enter key.
 - C. Record the ID for future reference.
 - D. Click Connect on the Toolbar. This allows the system to use the *Automatically get I.D.* feature when using the Toolbar keys or menus.
- 14. Send additional commands, as desired.
- 15. Command the SBE 44 to go to sleep (quiescent state) by typing **PwrOff** and pressing the Enter key.

The SBE 44 is ready for deployment.

Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44

This section includes system operation, example command sets, command descriptions, and instructions for deploying and recovering the SBE 44.

Operation Description

Commands sent to the IMM or SIM (both typically at the surface) can be directed to the IMM or SIM, SBE 44, or serial instrument (sensor). A command prefix that includes the SBE 44 ID (ii) directs commands to a specific SBE 44 or to the serial instrument connected to it. Global commands are recognized by all SBE 44s on the same inductive cable.

Command prefixes determine which part of the system decodes the commands. The table below shows the general form of the commands; see *Command Descriptions* for detailed information:

| Command Form | Response | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| String | String is decoded by IMM or SIM. | | |
| !iiString | String is decoded by SBE 44 with ID=ii. | | |
| #iiString | <i>String</i> is decoded by serial instrument connected to SBE 44 with ID=ii. ASCII reply from serial instrument is transmitted through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. | | |
| BiiString | String is decoded by serial instrument connected to SBE 44 with ID=ii. Binary reply from serial instrument is transmitted through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. Note: The SBE 44's binary data capability is intended for use on a system with only one IM instrument online. A binary data reply <i>could</i> inadvertently include the equivalent of a valid command for other inductive modem instruments on line, causing other instruments to respond and thereby corrupting the data stream. Sea-Bird strongly recommends that you do not use the binary data capability with multiple inductive modem instruments online. | | |
| | Commands all SBE 44s to send pre-defined string to sensors. | | |
| GData | Each SBE 44 holds sensor reply in buffer until receiving Dataii. | | |
| Dataii Directs SBE 44 with ID=ii to transmit data in its b IMM/SIM and computer/controller. | | | |

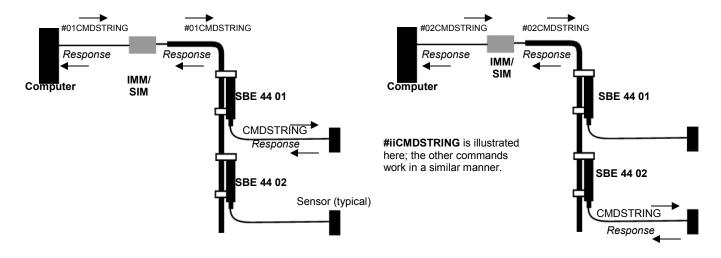
The SBE 44 has a 30 Kbyte FIFO buffer, so the serial instrument response to any command is limited to 30,000 bytes.

Data can be requested and transmitted in several ways:

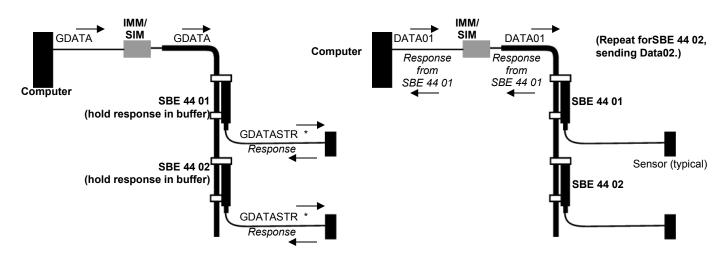
Note:

Characters sent **from** the serial instrument **to** the SBE 44 must be greater than 09 decimal (09 Hex) and less than 123 decimal (7B Hex). Additionally, the @ symbol (64 decimal or 40 Hex) cannot be sent. These limitations are not applicable to binary replies from the serial instrument.

• A Relay command sends a user-defined command recognizable by the sensor. This command is sent to a specific SBE 44, which transmits the character string/break to the sensor. The sensor replies to the SBE 44, which immediately transmits the reply to the IMM/SIM and computer. Use a Relay command when you want data from a particular sensor at a particular time, and do not need to synchronize with data from other sensors. Relay commands include **#iiCmdString** (command string), **!iiSendCharW=x** (decimal value of character), **!iiSendBreak** (break character), and **BiiCmdString** (command string a binary reply).



• A Get Data command sends a pre-defined character string recognizable by the sensor. A different character string can be pre-defined for each SBE 44 (and associated sensor). Get Data can be global (for all SBE 44s on the cable) or local (for a specific SBE 44). The SBE 44 transmits the character string to the sensor; the sensor replies to the SBE 44, which holds the reply in a buffer. **Dataii** gets the reply from a specific SBE 44 and transmits it to the IMM/SIM and computer. Use **GData**, the global Get Data command, when you want synchronized data from each SBE 44 on the cable.



* GDATASTR is pre-defined by **!iiGDataSTR=** for each SBE 44. Note that a different string can be defined for each SBE 44.

Operating Modes

The SBE 44 has three basic operating modes that affect how power is provided to the serial instrument:

- **Standard** The serial instrument is powered independent of the SBE 44. The instrument can be set up for continuous logging (if applicable), or intermittent commands to take samples can be sent through the SBE 44.
- **Optional Switched Power Out (pin 4 on bulkhead connector)** The serial instrument is powered by the

SBE 44's internal batteries or by optional external power input to the SBE 44 (pin 6). In this mode, power is applied to the instrument in one of the following ways:

- On command (when !iiSwPwrOn command sent),
- Automatically when SBE 44 powers on (if !iiAutoSwPwrPOn=Y), or
- Automatically when a Relay command (if !iiAutoSwPwrRelay=Y) or

Get Data command (if **!iiAutoSwPwrGData=Y**) is sent. This mode is not compatible with continuous logging by the instrument, because power is removed from the instrument when the SBE 44 enters the quiescent (sleep) state.

- **Optional Control Signal (pin 5 on bulkhead connector)** The control signal can be 0 to 5 Volt or open collector, and is used to turn the serial instrument power on and off. In this mode, the control signal is enabled in one of the following ways:
 - > On command (when **!iiCntlOn** command sent),
 - > Automatically when SBE 44 powers on (if **!iiAutoCntlOn=Y**), or
 - Automatically when a
 - Relay command (if !iiAutoCntlRelay=Y) or
 - Get Data command (if **!iiAutoCntlGData=Y**) is sent.

This mode is not compatible with continuous logging by the instrument, because the control line is disabled when the SBE 44 enters the quiescent (sleep) state.

For each mode, data stored in the serial instrument's memory can be uploaded through the SBE 44 and IMM/SIM. Uploading data may require temporarily resetting system timeouts, to allow sufficient time for data transfer.

Commands can be used in various combinations to provide a high degree of operating flexibility. Review the operating modes, the examples, and the commands described in *Command Descriptions* before setting up your system.

Note:

See Appendix V: SBE 44 Interface PCB Configuration for jumper settings for standard, switched power out, and control signal modes.

| r | Relay | Command Operation | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| A a4: a- | Response | | | | |
| Action | Standard Mode Optional Switched Pow | | Optional Control Signal | | |
| 1. SBE 44 powers on | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrPOn=Y , apply power to sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlPOn=Y , enable control line to sensor. | | |
| 2. SBE 44 receives a | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrRelay=Y , apply power to sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlRelay=Y , enable control line to sensor. | | |
| command with its ID to be sent | Wait !iiRStartWait millisec. | | | | |
| to sensor (#iiCmdString, where CmdString is | Send command to sensor. | | | | |
| command | Send reply to IMM/SIM un | til a Relay timeout condition is met. | | | |
| recognizable by sensor) | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrRelay=Y , remove power from sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlRelay=Y , disable control line to sensor | | |
| 3. SBE 44 powers down | - | If power not already removed from sensor, remove power from sensor. | If control line not already disabled, disable control line. | | |

| Action | Response | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Action | Standard Mode | Optional Switched Power | Optional Control Signal | |
| 1.SBE 44 powers on | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrPOn=Y , apply power to sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlPOn=Y , enable control line to sensor. | |
| | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrGData=Y , apply power to sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlGData=Y , enable control line to sensor. | |
| 2. SBE 44 receives a | Wait !iiGStartWait millise | ec. | | |
| global Get Data command (GData) or a Get Data command | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | - | If !iiAutoSwPwrGData=Y , remove power from sensor. | If !iiAutoCntlGData=Y , disable control line to sensor | |
| 3. SBE 44 receives Dataii command | Send data held in SBE 44 buffer. Data in buffer is erased when SBE 44 powers down. | | | |
| 4. SBE 44 powers down | - If power not already removed from sensor. If control line not already disabled, disable control line. | | | |

Get Data Command Operation

Examples

Shown below are examples of the three basic operating modes for a system with a **Surface Inductive Modem (SIM)** and **two SBE 44s (IDs 01 and 02)** on a mooring cable. The SBE 44's response to each command is not shown in the examples.

Example: Standard Operating Mode (user input in bold)

Example 1: Get Data Operation

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Pre-define data string to be sent to sensor when Get Data command is used. Data string can be any command understood by sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Send power-off command to all SBE 44s.

S>PWRON S>!01GDATASTR=TS S>!02GDATASTR=SL S>PWROFF

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Get data from each sensor using the global Get Data command, and store sensor reply in each SBE 44's buffer. Send data from each SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s.

S>**PWRON** S>**GDATA** S>**DATA01** S>**DATA02** S>**PWROFF**

Example 2: Relay Command Operation

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Define data string to be sent to sensor now. Data string can be any command understood by sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Sensor reply is sent to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>**PWRON** S>**#01TS** S>**#02SL**

S>PWROFF

Example: Switched Power Mode (user input in bold) Note: Switched power mode requires connection of serial instrument to pin 4 on SBE 44 bulkhead connector. Example 1: Get Data Operation Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Pre-define data string to be sent to sensor when Get Data command is used. Data string can be any command understood by the sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Set up each SBE 44 to switch power on to sensor automatically before relaying Get Data command string. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>PWRON S>!01GDATASTR=TS S>!02GDATASTR=SL S>!01AUTOSWPWRGDATA=Y S>!02AUTOSWPWRGDATA=Y S>PWROFF Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Get data from each sensor using global Get Data command, and store sensor reply in each SBE 44's buffer. Send data from each SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>PWRON S>GDATA S>DATA01 S>DATA02 S>PWROFF Example 2: Relay Command Operation Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Set up each SBE 44 to switch power on to sensor automatically before sending a Relay command. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>PWRON S>!01AUTOSWPWRRELAY=Y S>!02AUTOSWPWRRELAY=Y S>PWROFF Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Define data string to be sent to sensor now. Data string can be any command understood by the sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Sensor reply is sent to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>PWRON S>#01TS S>#02SL

S>PWROFF

Example: Control Line Mode (user input in bold)

Note: Control line mode requires connection of serial instrument to pin 5 on SBE 44 bulkhead connector

Example 1: Get Data Operation

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Pre-define data string to be sent to sensor when Get Data command is used. Data string can be any command understood by the sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Set up each SBE 44 to enable control line automatically before relaying Get Data command string. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s.

S>PWRON

S>!01GDATASTR=TS S>!02GDATASTR=SL S>!01AUTOCNTLGDATA=Y S>!02AUTOCNTLGDATA=Y S>PWROFF

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Get data from each sensor using global Get Data command, and store sensor reply in each SBE 44's buffer. Send data from each SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s.

S>**PWRON** S>**GDATA** S>**DATA01** S>**DATA02** S>**PWROFF**

Example 2: Relay Command Operation

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Set up each SBE 44 to enable control line automatically before sending a Relay command. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s.

S>**PWRON**

S>!01AUTOCNTLRELAY=Y S>!02AUTOCNTLRELAY=Y S>PWROFF

Send wakeup tone to all SBE 44s. Define data string to be sent to sensor now. Data string can be any command understood by the sensor (in example, TS is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 01; SL is shown for sensor connected to SBE 44 02). Sensor reply is sent to SIM and computer/controller. Send power-off command to all SBE 44s. S>**PWRON** S>**#01TS** S>**#02SL**

S>PWROFF

Timeout Descriptions

Set user-programmable timeouts to allow proper operation of your serial instrument while minimizing the time the system is tied-up waiting for a response.

IMM Timeouts

For **IMM timeouts**, see the IMM manual.

SIM Timeouts

SIM timeouts restore control to the computer if no reply is received from the SBE 44 (for example, upon sending an illegal command) within a specified length of time, thereby allowing new commands to be sent:

- **DataNNMax** timeout that applies to **Dataii** only. Default is 1000 millisec.
- **RelayMax** –timeout that applies to all other commands. Default is 20 sec.
- **BinaryGap** termination timeout that applies to commands requesting binary response (**BiiCmdString**). Gap of **BinaryGap** since last byte received acts as termination character. Bytes sent after gap are ignored; control is returned to computer and other commands can be sent. Default is 1000 millisec.

When using RS-232 between the SIM and computer, control of the SIM can be re-established sooner than the timeout by pressing the Esc key and then the Enter key. When the S> prompt is displayed, new commands can be sent.

SBE 44 Timeouts

SBE 44 Power Down Timeout

If the SBE 44 does not receive a command for **!iiTimeOut** (default 120 sec), the SBE 44 communication circuits power down to prevent battery pack exhaustion. To re-establish control, send **PwrOn** or click Connect on the Toolbar.

Relay Command (Send Command String, Character, or Break) Timeouts

Relay command timeouts are used to determine when the sensor reply to a Relay command is complete:

- **!iiTermChar** If the SBE 44 receives a termination character, it ignores any additional characters received. Default is 62 ('>').
- **!iiRTermMax** If the SBE 44 detects a gap between received characters in the reply, it is interpreted as a termination character, and the SBE 44 ignores any additional characters received. Default is 1000 millisec.
- **!iiRTotalMax** After a total of **!iiRTotalMax** seconds, the SBE 44 ignores any additional characters received. Default is 15 sec.

Get Data Command Timeouts

Get Data timeouts are used to determine when the sensor reply to a Get Data command is complete. These are applicable to the global Get Data (**GData**) and the Get Data sent to a specific SBE 44 (**!iiGData**):

- **!iiTermChar** If the SBE 44 receives a termination character, it ignores any additional characters received. Default is 62 ('>').
- **!iiGTermMax** If the SBE 44 detects a gap between received characters in the reply, it is interpreted as a termination character, and the SBE 44 ignores any additional characters received. Default is 1000 millisec.
- **!iiGTotalMax** After a total of **!iiGTotalMax** seconds, the SBE 44 ignores any additional characters received. Default is 15 sec.

Note: For proper system operation when transmitting binary data, BinaryGap in the SIM must be less than !iiRTermMax in the SBE 44. Sea-Bird recommends iiRTermMax <u>> BinaryGap+1000 msec</u>.

Note: ii = SBE 44 ID.

Notes:

- !iiTermChar= is not applicable for binary sensor replies (replies to BiiCmdString).
- When transmitting binary data, set !iiRTermMax ≥BinaryGap+1000 msec for proper system operation.

Command Descriptions

Notes:

- If using the SBE 44 with a **Surface Inductive Modem (SIM)**: the SIM commands are included in this manual.
- If using the SBE 44 with an Inductive Modem Module (IMM): see the IMM manual for details on IMM commands.

This section describes commands and provides sample outputs. See *Appendix III: Command Summary* for a summarized command list.

When entering commands:

- Input commands to the SBE 44 in upper or lower case letters and register commands by pressing the Enter key.
- The SBE 44 sends ? CMD if an invalid command is entered.
- If the system does not return an S> prompt after executing a command, press the Enter key to get the S> prompt.
- If a new command is not received within **!iiTimeOut** (default 120 sec) after the completion of a command, the SBE 44 returns to the quiescent (sleep) state.
- If in quiescent state, re-establish communications by clicking Connect on the Toolbar, or
 - (if using SIM) sending PwrOn.
 - (if using IMM set to ConfigType=1) sending PwrOn.
 - (if using IMM set to **ConfigType=2**) waiting at least 1 sec, sending **ForceCaptureLine**, and sending **SendWakeupTone**.

SIM Commands

SIM commands are directed to the Surface Inductive Modem, to set it up for operation with the SBE 44.

| | Power-On Commands | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | PwrOn | Send wakeup tone to all IM instruments on-line. Equivalent to Connect on Toolbar. | |
| | PwrOff | Send power-off command to all IM instruments on-line. Main power turned off and IM instruments placed in quiescent (sleep) state. Any data in SBE 44 buffer is erased. | |
| ally used only Ird system; see E 44 with Tone | AutoPwrOn=x | x=Y (default): Automatically send PwrOn to IM instruments on-line when power applied to SIM. This wakes up all IM instruments on-line. x=N: Do not send PwrOn when power applied to SIM. | |

Note:

AutoPwrOn=N is typically used only with a Tone Detect board system; see Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board.

| Note: | Status Command | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The DS response shows SBE 37 because the SIM was originally developed for the SBE 37-IM MicroCAT. | DS | Display SIM firmware version and status. Example includes command used to modify parameter [in parentheses]. |
| | wait time for relay | M V 3.0 N response = 1000 msec [DataNNMax=] command response = 20 seconds [RelayMax=] ter timeout = 1000 msec [BinaryGap-] [EchoOn or EchoOff] |
| | Communications C | ommands |

| Note: The SIM's baud rate (set with | Baud=x | x = baud rate between SIM and computer / controller (1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600). Default 9600. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Baud=) must be the same as Seaterm's baud rate (set in the Configure menu). | DataNNMax=x | x = timeout (0-32767 millisec; SIM rounds down to nearest 50 millisec) that applies to Dataii only. If no reply received within DataNNMax , control returned to computer and other commands can be sent. Default 1000 millisec. |
| | RelayMax=x | x= timeout (0-3276 sec) that applies to all other commands. If no reply received within RelayMax , control returned to computer and other commands can be sent. Default 20 sec. |
| Note: Set !iiRTermMax ≥ BinaryGap+1000 msec for proper system operation when transmitting binary data. | BinaryGap=x | x= termination timeout (0 - 65535 millisec) for commands requesting binary data (BiiCmdString). Gap of BinaryGap since last byte received acts as termination character. Bytes sent after gap ignored; control returned to computer and other commands can be sent. Default 1000 millisec. |
| | EchoOn | Echo characters received from computer (default) - computer monitor shows entered commands as you type. |
| | EchoOff | Do not echo characters. |

ID Commands

ID?

*ID=ii

Only one IM instrument can be on-line when sending these commands.

| Note: | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| If more than one IM instrument is | | | |
| on-line when you set the ID, all IM | | | |
| instruments will be set to the same | | | |
| ID. The inductive modem receivers in | | | |
| IM instruments are very sensitive; two | | | |
| IM instruments that are side-by-side | | | |
| will take the same ID, even if one of | | | |
| them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, | | | |
| separate IM instruments by at least | | | |
| 2 meters when setting IDs. | | | |

| Display SBE 44 ID (ID = ii, where ii= 0.99). |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Set SBE 44 ID to ii, where ii= 0-99. Must be sent twice, because verification requested. If more than one IM |
| instrument is on-line, all IM |

SBE 44 and Sensor Commands

| SBE 44 Status Commands | |
|------------------------|--|
| | |

SBE 44 Status commands are preceded by !ii (ii = SBE 44 ID).

!iiDS

Display SBE 44 firmware version and setup parameters. Equivalent to Status on Toolbar.

instruments will be set to same ID.

Example includes command used to modify parameter [in parentheses]:

| <i>Example:</i> (user input in bold) S>!01DS | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| SPE 44 UNDERWATER MODEM V 1.9a | |
| sensor baud rate = 9600 | [!iiBaud=] |
| break character length = 500 milliseconds | [!iiBreakLen=] |
| time out after 30 seconds without receiving a valid command | [!iiTimeOut=] |
| termination character is 62, char=> | [!iiTermChar=] |
| Relay Command Settings: | |
| | [!iiRelayTermChar=] |
| relay termination characters = <cr><lf></lf></cr> | |
| total time for response = 15 seconds | [!iiRTotalMax=] |
| wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command | [!iiRStartWait=] |
| halt relay after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters | [!iiRTermMax=] |
| GDATA Command Settings: | |
| total time for response = 30 seconds | [!iiGTotalMax=] |
| wait 0 milliseconds before sending the command | [!iiGStartWait=] |
| halt acquisition after a gap of 1000 milliseconds between characters | [!iiGTermMax=] |
| GDATA command string = NO STRING | [!iiGDataStr=] |
| include gdata reply delay in datann reply | [!iiIncGDataDelay=] |
| do not enable control line on power up | [!iiAutoCntlPOn=] |
| enable control line before relaying command | [!iiAutoCntlRelay=] |
| enable control line before sending GDATA command | [!iiAutoCntlGData=] |
| do not switch power to sensor on power up | [!iiAutoSwPwrPOn=] |
| switch power to sensor before relaying command | [!iiAutoSwPwrRelay=] |
| switch power to sensor before sending GDATA command | [!iiAutoSwPwrGData=] |
| | ppears only if !iiPOnTone=Y] |
| | |

!ii*EETest

Test SBE 44's EEPROM, and reset all parameters to default values. Before performing test, record all parameters, so they can be reentered after test if desired.

SBE 44 General Setup Commands

All SBE 44 General Setup commands are preceded by !ii (ii = SBE 44 ID).

Note:

Note:

If the sensor is transmitting binary

data in response to BiiCmdString,

the SBE 44 ignores !iiTermChar.

The following parameters for communication between the SBE 44 and sensor cannot be modified:

- Data bits 8
- Stop bits 1
- Parity none

x= baud rate for serial communication **between SBE 44 and sensor**

!iiRelayTermChar=x

!iiBaud=x

19200). Default 9600. **x**= decimal value (0-255) of **command termination character**. This allows user to specify what is appended to sensor command string for both Send Command String and Get Data commands. See *Appendix VII: Character Map and Values* for characters and decimal values. If **x=CRLF** (default), SBE 44 appends

(300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or

relayed string. If **x=NONE**, SBE 44 does not append anything to relayed string.

carriage return and line feed to

Examples: (user input in bold) S>**!01RELAYTERMCHAR=CRLF**

relay termination characters=<CR><LF>

S>!01RELAYTERMCHAR=100

relay termination character set to 100, char = d

S>!01RELAYTERMCHAR=NONE

no relay termination character

!iiTermChar=x

!iiTimeOut=x

x= decimal value (11-122) of **sensor reply termination character**. If SBE 44 receives a termination character, it ignores any additional characters received from sensor. Default is 62 (decimal value for '>'). See *Appendix VII: Character Map and Values* for characters and decimal values. If **!iiTermChar=NONE**, termination character checking is disabled.

x= SBE 44 timeout (30-1800 sec). If no commands or replies are received for !iiTimeOut, SBE 44 automatically enters quiescent (sleep) state. When SBE 44 enters quiescent state, any data held in its buffer is erased. Default 120 sec.

SBE 44

Relay Commands

These commands set up the controls for and send commands relayed from the SBE 44 to the sensor. A Send Command String, Send Character, or Send Break command is sent to one SBE 44, which transmits it to the connected sensor. Unlike a Get Data command, the sensor response to these commands is sent immediately to the SBE 44, IMM/SIM, and computer/controller. Use a Relay command when you want to obtain data from a particular instrument at a particular time, and are not interested in synchronizing with data from other instruments.

Relay Setup Commands

These setup parameters apply to Send Command String, Send Character, and Send Break commands. Relay setup commands are preceded by **!ii** (ii = SBE 44 ID).

| | !iiRStartWait=x | x= command transmission delay after setting control line or switched power (0-32767 millisec). Delaying transmission allows sensor to wake up before relaying command if !iiAutoSwPwrRelay=Y or !iiAutoCntlRelay=Y. Default 0. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note: Set !iiRTermMax ≥ BinaryGap+1000 msec for proper system operation when transmitting binary data. | !iiRTermMax=x | x = termination timeout for sensor reply (0-32767 millisec). Gap of !iiRTermMax after 2 characters have been received acts as termination character – characters sent by sensor after gap are ignored. Default 1000 millisec. |
| | !iiRTotalMax=x | x= total time allowed for sensor reply (0-600 sec). Characters sent by sensor after !iiRTotalMax are ignored. Default 15 sec. |
| | Send Command String Command | ls |
| | #iiCmdString | Command SBE 44 to send string defined by CmdString to sensor. CmdString can be any character string recognized by sensor. SBE 44 can append carriage return and line feed or character (defined by !iiRelayTermChar) to CmdString . Response is sent through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. |
| Note: The SBE 44's binary data capability is intended for use on a system with only one inductive modem instrument online. A binary data reply <i>could</i> inadvertently include the equivalent of a valid command for other inductive modem instruments on line, causing other instruments to respond and thereby corrupting the data stream. Sea-Bird strongly recommends that you do not use the binary data capability with multiple inductive modem instruments online. | BiiCmdString | Command SBE 44 to send character string defined by CmdString to sensor. CmdString can be any character string recognized by sensor that requests a binary response. SBE 44 can append carriage return and line feed or character (defined by !iiRelayTermChar) to CmdString . Binary response is sent through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller; any reply termination characters (defined by !iiTermChar) are ignored. |

Send Character Commands

Send Character commands allow you to send a single character (including a *non-printing* character) to a sensor. These commands are preceded by **!ii** (ii = SBE 44 ID). Termination character parameter **!iiRelayTermChar** does not apply to these commands.

| !iiSendCharW=x | Command SBE 44 to send character defined by decimal value x to sensor. Character can be any command recognized by sensor. Response is sent through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| !iiSendChar=x | Command SBE 44 to send character defined by decimal value x to sensor. Character can be any command recognized by sensor. Command should be one that does not require response; SBE 44 does not accept any response from sensor, and is immediately ready to accept another command. |
| <i>Examples:</i> (user input in bold) | |

S>!01SENDCHARW=101 (send lower case e; wait for a reply from sensor)

S>! **01SENDCHAR=100** (send lower case d; do not wait for reply from sensor)

Send Break Commands

These commands set up and send a break character, which may be a signal to some types of sensors to send data. These commands are preceded by **!ii** (ii = SBE 44 ID).

| !iiBreakLen=x | x= length of break character(0-32750 millisec). Default 1000 millisec. |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| !iiSendBreak | Command SBE 44 to send break character, as defined by !iiBreakLen , to sensor. Termination character parameter !iiRelayTermChar does not apply to this command. Response is sent through SBE 44 to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. |

SBE 44

Get Data Commands

These commands set up controls for and transmit Get Data commands. **GData** or **!iiGData** sends the command pre-defined by **!iiGDataStr=** from the SBE 44 to the sensor. The sensor reply is held in the SBE 44 buffer until **Dataii** is sent. Use the global Get Data (**GData**) to obtain synchronized data from all sensors connected to SBE 44s on the mooring cable.

Get Data Setup Commands - all preceded by !ii (ii = SBE 44 ID).

| !iiGStartWait=x | x = command transmission delay (after setting control line or switched power) (0-32767 millisec). Delaying transmission allows sensor to wake up before relaying command if !iiAutoSwPwrGData=Y or !iiAutoCntlGData=Y . Default 0. |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| !iiGTermMax=x | x = termination timeout for sensor reply (0-32767 millisec). Gap of !iiGTermMax after 2 characters acts as termination character – characters sent by sensor after gap ignored. Default 1000 millisec. |
| !iiGTotalMax=x | x= time allowed for sensor reply (0-600 sec).Characters sent by sensor after!iiGTotalMax ignored. Default 30 sec. |
| !iiIncGDataDelay=x | x=Y (default): In Dataii reply, include number of 0.1-sec ticks received while waiting for GData or !iiGData reply. May be helpful in verifying sensor / buoy controller clock synchronization. |
| | x=N : Do not include number of ticks. |
| !iiGDataStr=S | S= character string sent to sensor (any command recognized by sensor) in response to GData or !iiGData. SBE 44 can append carriage return and line feed or a character (defined by !iiRelayTermChar) to string. !iiGDataStr= followed by Enter key disables sending string. Default no string (disabled). |

Get Data Commands continued

Get Data Commands

| | Get Duta communus | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note: Data in the SBE 44 buffer is erased when the SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state. Always send Dataii to | GData | Command all SBE 44s to send character string defined by !iiGDataStr to sensor. Each SBE 44 holds sensor reply in buffer until receiving Dataii . |
| transmit data in the buffer before the SBE44 timeout (!iiTimeOut) automatically puts the SBE 44 to sleep and before sending PwrOff to put the SBE 44 to sleep. | | <i>If using IMM with ConfigType=2 at surface:</i> Use SendGData instead; this results in IMM sending Gdata to all IM instruments on-line. |
| | !iiGData | Command SBE 44 with ID=ii to send character string defined by !iiGDataStr to sensor. SBE 44 holds sensor reply in buffer until receiving Dataii. |
| | Dataii | Get data obtained with GData or !iiGData from buffer of SBE 44 with ID = ii . Response sent to IMM/SIM and computer/controller. |
| | | <i>If using IMM at surface:</i> Use !iiData instead. Dataii is not compatible with IMM. |

Switched Power Setup Commands

These commands set up controls for optional switched power operation (pin 4 on bulkhead connector). All commands are preceded by **!ii** (ii = SBE 44 ID).

| !iiSwPwrOn | Switch power on to sensor now. Power to sensor remains on while SBE 44 remains awake. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, power to sensor switches off. |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| !iiSwPwrOff | Switch power off to sensor now. |
| !iiAutoSwPwrPOn=x | x=Y : Switch power on to sensor automatically each time SBE 44 powers on. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, power to sensor switches off automatically. Entering this command does not switch power on now. |
| | x=N (default): Do not switch power on to sensor automatically. |
| !iiAutoSwPwrGData=x | x=Y : Switch power on to sensor automatically before sending Get Data command string (!iiGDataStr) to sensor. Power to sensor switches off automatically when sensor response ends. |
| | x=N (default): Do not switch power on to sensor automatically. |
| !iiAutoSwPwrRelay=x | x=Y: Switch power on to sensor automatically before sending Relay command (#iiCmdString, !iiSendCharW=, !iiSendChar=, or !iiSendBreak) to sensor. Power to sensor switches off automatically when sensor response ends. |
| | x=N (default): Do not switch power on to sensor automatically. |

Note:

See Appendix V: SBE 44 Interface PCB Configuration for required jumper settings on the SBE 44's Interface PCB. See Appendix V: SBE 44

Interface PCB Configuration for required jumper settings on the SBE 44's Interface PCB.

Note:

Control Line Setup Commands

SBE 44

| These commands set up the controls for optional control line operation (pin 5 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| on bulkhead connector). All commands are preceded by !ii (ii = SBE 44 ID). |

| !iiCntlOn | Enable control line to sensor now. Control line to sensor remains enabled while SBE 44 remains awake. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, control line to sensor is disabled. |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| !iiCntlROff | Disable control line to sensor now. |
| !iiAutoCntlPOn=x | x=Y : Enable control line to sensor automatically each time SBE 44 powers on. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, control line to sensor disables automatically. Entering this command does not enable control line now. |
| | x=N (default): Do not enable control line to sensor automatically each time SBE 44 powers on. |
| !iiAutoCntlGData=x | x=Y: Enable control line to sensor automatically before sending Get Data command string (!iiGDataStr) to sensor. Control line to sensor disables automatically when sensor response ends. |
| | x=N (default): Do not enable control line to sensor automatically before sending Get Data command string to sensor. |
| !iiAutoCntlRelay=x | x=Y: Enable control line to sensor automatically before sending Relay command (#iiCmdString, !iiSendCharW=, !iiSendChar=, or !iiSendBreak) to sensor. Control line to sensor disables automatically when sensor response ends. |
| | x=N (default): Do not enable control line to sensor automatically before sending Relay command to sensor. |
| | |

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Surface Tone Detect Commands

Note:

A surface *Tone Detect* board can be supplied by Sea-Bird. See *Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board*. This command sets up the controls for when the system is used with a surface *Tone Detect* board to signal the surface controller electronics. A typical use is for a system where the serial instrument needs to indicate that it has completed sampling and is ready to transmit data:

- 1. When it has completed sampling, the serial instrument pulls the detect line low on the SBE 44, powering the SBE 44 on.
- 2. The SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits a 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter.
- 3. The 4800 Hz tone is received by the surface *Tone Detect* board, which then signals the computer/controller.
- 4. The computer/controller sends the appropriate commands through the IMM/SIM to the SBE 44 to get the data from the serial instrument.

!iiPOnTone=x

x=Y: Enable surface tone detect. After powering on, SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter.

x=N: Do not enable surface tone detect; do not send a tone on power up. Default.

Setup for Deployment

- 1. Install new AA lithium cells or ensure the existing battery pack has enough capacity to cover the intended deployment (see *Replacing Batteries* in *Section 5: Routine Maintenance*).
- Program the SBE 44 for the intended deployment (*see Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment* for connection information; see information in this section on operation and commands):
 - A. Establish the system operating parameters.
 - B. If the system will have multiple IM instruments on the mooring cable (SBE 44s and/or SBE 37-IM/IMP/IMP-IDO/IMP-ODO MicroCAT, 39-IM, 16/16*plus*-IM/16*plus*-IM V2 SeaCAT, UIMM), verify the SBE 44 is set to *Prompt ID* to allow use of the Toolbar buttons and Menus:
 - 1) In the Configure menu, select SBE 44.
 - 2) Click on the COM Settings tab.
 - 3) For Modem/RS485 ID, click on Prompt ID.
 - 4) Click OK.

SBE 44 Deployment

Note:

See Application Note 85: Handling of Ferrite Core on Instruments with Inductive Modem Telemetry for more detailed information on handling and installation.



Mounting guide / inductive modem coupler – contains modem coupling toroid core. Cable goes through here but is **not clamped**, to avoid putting through tension on end cap (which could pull off end cap).

For both mounting brackets – loosen hardware to separate bracket halves and mount on mooring cable

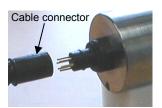
Mounting clamp, with opening sized to specified cable diameter – cable **clamped** by this bracket.

Note: Installing clamps on larger cable than specified may cause damage to cable and/or modem and prevent IM communications.

> For proper communications, 2 halves of modem coupling toroid core must mate, with no gaps

CAUTIONS:

- Do not use WD-40 or other petroleum-based lubricants, as they will damage the connectors.
- For wet-pluggable MCBH connectors: Silicone lubricants in a spray can may contain ketones, esters, ethers, alcohols, or glycols in their propellant. Do not use these sprays, as they will damage the connector.

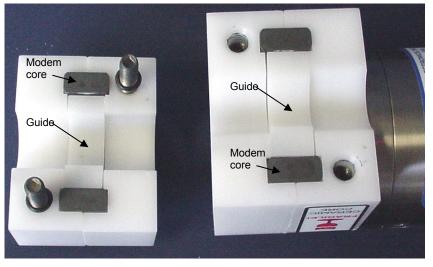




The SBE 44 comes with pre-installed Sea-Bird mounting brackets.

- 1. Attach the mounting brackets to the insulated mooring cable:
 - A. Open each mounting bracket by unthreading the two large titanium hex bolts.
 - B. Place the insulated mooring cable inside the brackets' grooves.
 - C. Reinstall each bracket half with the hex bolts.
 - D. Verify that the two halves of the modem coupling toroid have come together evenly, and that the mounting clamp is secure.

Mounting guide / Inductive Modem Coupler Detail Guide is sized *slightly* bigger than specified cable diameter, to allow cable to pass through freely but limit vibration of SBE 44 on cable



- 2. Verify that the hardware and external fittings are secure.
- 3. Install the serial instrument cable on the SBE 44:
 - A. Lightly lubricate the inside of the cable connector with silicone grease (DC-4 or equivalent).
 - B. AG Connector (shown in photos) Install the cable connector, aligning the raised bump on the side of the connector with the large pin (pin 1 ground) on the SBE 44. Remove any trapped air by *burping* or gently squeezing the plug/connector near the top and moving your fingers toward the end cap. OR
 MCBH Connector Install the cable connector, aligning the pins
 - C. Place the locking sleeve over the connector. Tighten the locking sleeve finger tight only. Do not overtighten the locking sleeve and do not use a wrench or pliers.
- 4. Attach the other end of the cable to the serial instrument.
- 5. Deploy the SBE 44.

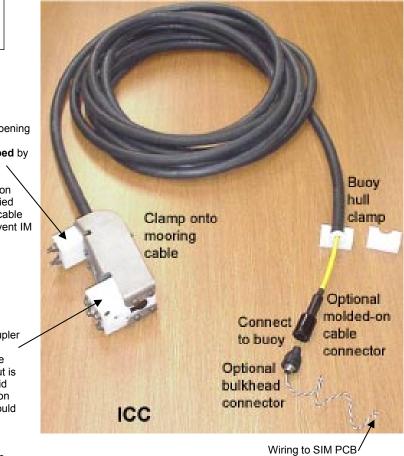
System Installation and Wiring

For system installation and wiring details, refer to:

- Mooring Cable and Wiring Requirements in Section 2: Description of SBE 44.
- Appendix IV: SIM Hookup and Configuration or IMM manual.
- Appendix V: SBE 44 Interface PCB Configuration.
- Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board.

Installing Optional Inductive Cable Coupler (ICC)

- 1. Loosen the titanium hex head bolts connecting the two halves of each of the ICC brackets. Pull the halves apart.
- 2. Place the insulated mooring cable inside the brackets' grooves.
- 3. Reinstall each bracket half with the hex bolts.
- 4. Verify that the two halves of the modem coupling toroid have come together evenly, and that the mounting clamp is secure.



Note:

See Application Note 85: Handling of Ferrite Core on Instruments with Inductive Modem Telemetry for more detailed information on handling and installation.

Mounting clamp, with opening sized to specified cable diameter – cable **clamped** by this bracket.

Note: Installing clamps on larger cable than specified may cause damage to cable and/or modem and prevent IM communications.

Mounting guide / inductive modem coupler – contains modem coupling toroid. Cable goes through here but is **not clamped**, to avoid putting through tension on end cap (which could pull off end cap). Detail of guide and core is similar to shown above for the SBE 44 guide and core.

Recovery

WARNING!

If the SBE 44 stops working while underwater, is unresponsive to commands, or shows other signs of flooding or damage, carefully secure it away from people until you have determined that abnormal internal pressure does not exist or has been relieved. Pressure housings may flood under pressure due to dirty or damaged o-rings, or other failed seals. When a sealed pressure housing floods at great depths and is subsequently raised to the surface, water may be trapped at the pressure at which it entered the housing, presenting a danger if the housing is opened before relieving the internal pressure. Instances of such flooding are rare. However, a housing that floods at 5000 meters depth holds an internal pressure of more than 7000 psia, and has the potential to eject the end cap with lethal force. A housing that floods at 50 meters holds an internal pressure of more than 85 psia; this force could still cause injury.

If you suspect the SBE 44 is flooded, point it in a safe direction away from people, and loosen the bulkhead connector very slowly, at least 1 turn. This opens an o-ring seal under the connector. Look for signs of internal pressure (hissing or water leak). If internal pressure is detected, let it bleed off slowly past the connector oring. Then, you can safely remove the end cap.

- 1. Rinse the SBE 44 with fresh water.
- 2. If immediate redeployment is not required:
 - Remove the SBE 44's batteries (all setup parameters will be saved in EEPROM), or
 - Leave the SBE 44 with batteries in place and in a quiescent state (**PwrOff**). Because the quiescent current required is less than 100 microAmps, the battery pack can be left in place without significant loss of capacity.
- 3. If immediate redeployment is required and the battery pack is exhausted, install new cells. See *Section 5: Routine Maintenance* for cell replacement.

Section 5: Routine Maintenance

This section reviews corrosion precautions, AA cell replacement, connector mating and maintenance, and O-ring maintenance.

Corrosion Precautions

All exposed metal is titanium; other materials are plastic. No corrosion precautions are required, but avoid direct electrical connection of the SBE 44 housing to mooring or other dissimilar metal hardware. Rinse the SBE 44 with fresh water after use and prior to storage.

Replacing AA cells

Notes:

- For details and photos, see Installing Battery Pack in Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment.
- Only use the battery pack with the red cover plate. Some MicroCATs use a battery pack with a yellow cover plate; those packs are wired differently, and cannot be used with the SBE 44.
- Cells must be removed before returning the SBE 44 to Sea-Bird. Do not return used cells to Sea-Bird when shipping the SBE 44 for calibration or repair.
- See Shipping Precautions in Section 1: Introduction.

- 1. Remove the 2 screws holding the modem end cap to the SBE 44 housing, and remove the end cap.
- 2. Loosen the captured screw holding the battery pack in the housing, and remove the battery pack from the housing.
- 3. Place the handle in an upright position. Unscrew the red cover plate from the top of the battery pack assembly.
- 4. Roll the 2 O-rings on the outside of the pack out of their grooves.
- 5. Remove the existing cells. Install new cells, positive end (+) first.
- 6. Roll the O-rings into place in the grooves on the side of the battery pack.
- 7. Place the handle in an upright position. Reinstall the battery pack cover plate.
- 8. Replace the battery pack assembly in the housing, and secure the assembly with the captured screw. Plug in the Molex connector, and reinstall the SBE 44 end cap.

Connector Mating and Maintenance

Note:

See Application Note 57: Connector Care and Cable Installation.

CAUTIONS:

- Do not use WD-40 or other petroleum-based lubricants, as they will damage the connectors.
- For wet-pluggable MCBH connectors: Silicone lubricants in a spray can may contain ketones, esters, ethers, alcohols, or glycols in their propellant. Do not use these sprays, as they will damage the connector.

Clean and inspect the connectors, cable, and dummy plug before every deployment and as part of your yearly equipment maintenance. Inspect connectors that are unmated for signs of corrosion product around the pins, and for cuts, nicks or other flaws that may compromise the seal.

When remating:

- 1. Lightly lubricate the inside of the dummy plug/cable connector with silicone grease (DC-4 or equivalent).
- AG Connector Install the plug/cable connector, aligning the raised bump on the side of the plug/cable connector with the large pin (pin 1 ground) on the SBE 44. Remove any trapped air by *burping* or gently squeezing the plug/connector near the top and moving your fingers toward the end cap. OR

MCBH Connector – Install the plug/cable connector, aligning the pins. Place the locking sleeve over the plug/cable connector. Tighten the

3. Place the locking sleeve over the plug/cable connector. Tighten the locking sleeve finger tight only. Do not overtighten the locking sleeve and do not use a wrench or pliers.

Verify that a cable is installed before deployment.

O-Ring Maintenance

Note:

For details on recommended practices for cleaning, handling, lubricating, and installing O-rings, see the *Basic Maintenance of Sea-Bird Equipment* module in the Sea-Bird training materials: www.seabird.com/training/ TrainingHandouts.htm. Recommended inspection and replacement schedule:

- For modem end cap O-rings inspect each time you open the housing to replace the cells; replace approximately once a year.
- For O-rings that are not normally disturbed (for example, on the connector end cap) approximately every 3 to 5 years.

Remove any water from the O-rings and mating surfaces in the housing with a lint-free cloth or tissue. Inspect O-rings and mating surfaces for dirt, nicks, and cuts. Clean or replace as necessary. Apply a light coat of O-ring lubricant (Parker Super O Lube) to O-rings and mating surfaces.

Section 6: Troubleshooting

This section reviews common problems in operating the SBE 44, and provides the most common causes and solutions.

Problem 1: Unable to Communicate with SBE 44

The S> prompt indicates that communications between the SBE 44 and computer have been established. Before proceeding with troubleshooting, attempt to establish communications again by clicking Connect on Seaterm's toolbar or pressing the Enter key several times.

Cause/Solution 1: The I/O cable connection may be loose. Check the cabling between the IMM/SIM and computer for a loose connection.

Cause/Solution 2: The instrument type and/or its communication settings may not have been entered correctly in Seaterm. Select the *SBE 44* in the Configure menu and verify the settings in the Configuration Options dialog box. The settings should match those on the instrument Configuration Sheet.

Cause/Solution 3: The I/O cable between the IMM/SIM and computer may not be the correct one. The I/O cable supplied with the IMM/SIM permits connection to standard 9-pin RS-232 interfaces.

Cause/Solution 4: The modem core in the SBE 44 (and/or the ICC, if applicable) may have a gap, be misaligned, or be damaged. See *Application Note 85: Handling of Ferrite Core in Instruments with Inductive Modem Telemetry* for details on inspecting the modem core and proper installation of the SBE 44 and the ICC (if applicable) on the cable.

Glossary

Battery pack – 12 AA lithium cells in a battery holder that connects 2 cells in series and each series string in parallel. Battery pack uses:

- Saft LS 14500, AA, 3.6 V and 2.45 Amp-hours each (www.saftbatteries.com) (recommended),
- Tadiran TL-4903, AA, 3.6 V and 2.4 Amp-hours each (www.tadiran.com), or
- Electrochem 3B0064/BCX85, AA, 3.9 V and 2.0 Amp-hours each (www.electrochemsolutions.com)

Character String - A group or sequence of characters, with no internal spaces. Letters of the alphabet, numbers, and punctuation symbols are characters.

ICC – Inductive Cable Coupler, which clamps to the insulated mooring cable and transfers the inductive signal on the wire to the SIM PCB installed inside the buoy or elsewhere.

IMM – Inductive Modem Module PCB, used to interface between the computer serial port and SBE 44s or other compatible IM instruments. Either an IMM or SIM is required to interface with the SBE 44.

PCB – Printed Circuit Board.

Scan – One data sample.

Note:

All Sea-Bird software listed was designed to work with a computer running Windows XP service pack 2 or later, Windows Vista, or Windows 7. **Seasoft V2 –** Sea-Bird's complete Windows software package, which includes software for communication, real-time data acquisition, and data analysis and display. Seasoft V2 includes **Seaterm**, SeatermAF, Seasave, SBE Data Processing, and Plot39.

Seaterm - Sea-Bird's Windows software used to communicate with the SBE 44 through the SIM.

Sensor – See Serial Instrument.

Serial Instrument – An instrument connected serially to the SBE 44. Typical instruments with standard serial interfaces that are used with the SBE 44 include current meters and Doppler profilers.

SIM - Surface Inductive Modem PCB, used to interface between the computer serial port and SBE 44s or other IM instruments. Either an IMM or SIM is required to interface with the SBE 44.

Super O-Lube – Silicone lubricant used to lubricate O-rings and O-ring mating surfaces. Super O-Lube can be ordered from Sea-Bird, but should also be available locally from distributors. Super O-Lube is manufactured by Parker Hannifin (www.parker.com/ead/cm2.asp?cmid=3956).

UIM - SBE 44 Underwater Inductive Modem.

Appendix I: Functional Description

Sea-Bird's Inductive Modem telemetry system uses a DPSK data transmission method that overcomes most of the disadvantages of Frequency Shift Keyed (FSK) transmission, resulting in superior transmission efficiency and much lower error rates. The Sea-Bird system uses a carrier frequency of 4800 Hz, permitting four cycles of carrier frequency during the time allotted to each data bit (i.e., 1200 baud).

The encoding scheme is straightforward: if the next bit is a one, the phase of the carrier is inverted (shifted 180 degrees); if the next bit is a zero, the carrier phase does not change. With DPSK, both the modulation and demodulation hardware are extremely simple. Modulation requires only an OR gate and flip-flop, and demodulation is inherently coherent (bit energy is averaged rather than spot-sampled) using minimal hard logic, a shift register implementing a one-bit delay being the principle component. Further advantages are that the transmission of all zeros creates a single coherent frequency (4800 Hz) that is readily detected in IM instruments as the *wake up* signal, and that - unlike FSK - the connection polarity of the transformers used for coupling does not matter.

Appendix II: Electronics Disassembly/Reassembly

Disassembly

- 1. Remove the modem end cap and battery pack following instructions in *Installing Battery Pack* in *Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment.*
- 2. The electronics are on a sandwich of three rectangular PCBs. These PCBs are assembled to a bulkhead that can be seen at the bottom of the battery compartment. To remove the PCB assembly:
 - A. Use a long screwdriver (#1 screwdriver) to remove the Phillips-head screw at the bottom of the battery compartment. The Phillips-head screw is a 198mm (7.8 in.) threaded rod with Phillips-head.
 - B. Pull out the PCB assembly using the PVC pylon post. The assembly will pull away from the 10-position edge connector used to connect to the sensors.

Reassembly

Note:

If the rod will not tighten, the PCBs have not fully mated or are mated in reverse.

Note:

Before delivery, a desiccant package is inserted in the housing and the electronics chamber is filled with dry Argon gas. These measures help prevent condensation. To ensure proper functioning:

- 1. Install a new desiccant bag each time you open the electronics chamber. If a new bag is not available, see *Application Note 71: Desiccant Use and Regeneration* (*drying*).
- If possible, dry gas backfill each time you open the housing. If you cannot, wait at least 24 hours before redeploying, to allow the desiccant to remove any moisture from the housing.

Opening the battery compartment does not affect desiccation of the electronics.

- 1. Sight down into the SBE 44 housing to find the hole into which the Phillips-head screw threads. The hole is at the bottom of the housing, next to the edge connector. The small-diameter brass sleeve between two of the PCBs guides the screw into the hole. Align this sleeve with the hole.
- 2. Guide the PCB assembly into the housing and push the assembly until the edge connector is fully inserted. A gentle resistance can be felt during the last 3 mm (1/8 inch) of insertion as the PCB assembly mates to the edge connector.
- 3. Drop the Phillips-head screw into the hole and tighten gently.
- 4. If it is difficult to align the cards, obtain a 305mm (12 in.) length of 6-32 threaded rod.
 - A. Thread the end of this rod into the hole at the bottom of the housing (next to the edge connector).
 - B. Slide the PCB assembly's small diameter brass sleeve down the rod. The rod will help guide the assembly into the proper position.
 - C. Push the assembly until the edge connector is fully inserted. After the PCB assembly has been fully inserted, remove the rod.
 - D. Drop the Phillips-head screw into the hole and tighten gently.
- 5. Reinstall the battery pack and modem end cap following instructions in *Installing Battery Pack* in *Section 3: Preparing SBE 44 for Deployment.*

Appendix III: Command Summary

| See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44 FUNCTION CATEGORY COMMAND DESCRIPT PwrOn Send wakeup tone to a Send power off command IMs, turn off transmitted quiescent (sleep) state. | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Section 4: Send power off comma Deploying and IMs, turn off transmitte | ll IMs. |
| Deploying and IMs, turn off transmitte | |
| for detailed SBE 44 buffer is erase | er. IMs enter Any data in |
| information and examples. If using the SBE 44 with an IMM, see the IMM manual for the IMM manual for | SIM. This ne. • On to IMs |
| descriptions. Display SIM firmware and status. | version |
| Baud=x x= baud rate between S computer/controller (1: 4800, or 9600). Defaul | 200, 2400, t 9600. |
| SIM Commands SIM Commands x= timeout (0-32767 m applies to Dataii only. received within DataM control returned to com other commands can b Default 1000 msec. | If no reply NNMax, nputer and |
| RelayMax=x x= timeout (0-3276 sector all other commands. Communications received within Relay returned to computer a commands can be sentor Default 20 sec. | If no reply Max, control nd other |
| x= termination timeout (0 - 65535 msec) that commands requesting i response (BiiCmdStri BinaryGap=x BinaryGap=x acts as termination cha sent after gap are ignor returned to computer a commands can be sent Default 1000 msec. Me BinaryGap < !iiRTer | applies to binary ng). Gap of byte received racter. Bytes red; control is nd other ust set |
| EchoOn EchoOn Echo characters receiv. | ed from |
| EchoOff Do not echo characters | |

| FUNCTION CATEGORY COMMAND | | | DESCRIPTION | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | SBE 44 ID | ID? | Display SBE 44 ID (ID=ii, where ii=0-99) | | |
| ID Commands | Only 1 SBE 44 can be on line when sending these commands. | *ID=ii If more than 1 SBE 44 on line when setting ID, all SBE 44s will have same ID. | Set SBE 44 ID to ii, where ii=0-99. Command must be sent twice, because verification requested. | | |
| | SBE 44 Status Commands | !iiDS | Display firmware version and system setup information. | | |
| | preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). | !ii*EETest | Test SBE 44's EEPROM as a troubleshooting tool, and reset all parameters to default values. | | |
| | SBE 44 General Setup Commands | !iiBaud=x | x = baud rate for serial communication between SBE 44 and sensor (300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, or 19200). Default 9600. | | |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands | | !iiRelayTermChar=x | x= decimal value (0-255) of command termination character to specify what is appended to sensor character string for Send Command String and Get Data commands. If x=CRLF (default), appends carriage return and line feed. If x=NONE, appends nothing. | | |
| | preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). | !iiTermChar=x | x = decimal value (11-122) of sensor reply termination character. If SBE 44 receives termination character, ignores any additional characters. If x=NONE , termination character checking disabled. Default 62 (>). | | |
| | | !iiTimeOut=x | x = SBE 44 timeout (30-1800 sec). If no commands or replies received for x , SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state. Any data in SBE 44 buffer erased. Default 120 sec. | | |

Appendix III: Command Summary

| FUNCTION | CATEGORY | COMMAND | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| renemon | | COMMAND | x= command transmission delay |
| | Relay | !iiRStartWait=x | after setting control line or switched power (0-32767 msec). Default 0 msec. |
| | Commands: <i>Relay Setup</i> Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). | !iiRTermMax=x | x = termination timeout for sensor reply (0-32767 msec). Gap of !iiRTermMax after 2 characters received acts as termination character. Default 1000 msec. |
| | | !iiRTotalMax=x | x = total time allowed for sensor reply to (0-600 sec). Default 15 sec. |
| | Relay Commands: Send Command String Command preceded by #ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). | #iiCmdString | Command SBE 44 to send character string defined by CmdString to sensor. CmdString can be any command recognized by sensor. SBE 44 can append carriage return and line feed or character to string (see !iiRelayTermChar=). Response sent through SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) | | BiiCmdString | Command SBE 44 to send character string defined by CmdString to sensor. CmdString can be any character string recognized by sensor that requests a <i>binary</i> response. Binary response is sent through SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller; any termination characters are ignored. |
| | Relay Commands: Send Character Commands preceded by !ii | !iiSendCharW=x | Command SBE 44 to send character defined by decimal value x to sensor. Character can be any command recognized by sensor. Response sent through SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. |
| | (ii=SBE 44 ID). !iiRelayTermChar does not apply to these commands. | !iiSendChar=x | Command SBE 44 to send character defined by decimal value x to sensor. Character can be any command recognized by sensor. SBE 44 does not accept any response from sensor. |
| | Relay | !iiBreakLen=x | x = break character length (0-32750 msec). Default 1000 msec. |
| | Commands: Send Break Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). iiRelayTermChar does not apply to these commands. | !iiSendBreak | Command SBE 44 to send break character (defined by !iiBreakLen=) to sensor. Response sent through SBE 44 to SIM and computer/controller. |

Appendix III: Command Summary

| FUNCTION CATEGORY COMMAND DESCRII Get Data Commands: Setup Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). Get Data Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). !iiGStartWait=x x= command transm preceded by !ii (0-32767 msec Default 0 msec. Set up controls and timeouts for Get Data (GData) commands. Get Data commands cause sensor command pre- defined by !iiGDataStr=S to be sent to sensor. Sensor reply held in SBE 44 buffer. !iiGDataStr=S x= v: In Dataii reply. v=N: Do not include of ticks. SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) Get Data Commands Get Data Commands Get Data GData Global command to all SBE 44. Command SBE 44 from sensor. SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99). SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) Get Data Get Data Commands GData Global command to all SBE 44. Command SBE 44 to min to SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99). SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 44 sensor switches off. | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Get Data Commands: Setup Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID).!iiGStartWait=xafter setting control power (0-32767 msec Default 0 msec. membra at errimation time reply (0-32767 msec !iiGTermMax after received acts as term character. Default 0 iiiGTotalMax=xSet up controls and timeouts for Get Data commands. Get Data commands command pre- defined by !iiGDataStr=S to be sent to sensor. Sensor reply held in SBE 44 buffer.!iiGDataStr=SSBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Get Data Get DataImage: Sensor command to all SBE 44 suffer.Sensor sensor reply held in SBE 44 buffer.Command to all SBE 44s.Get Data Commands (continued)Get Data Get Data Get DataCommand to all SBE 44s.Command SBE 44 to command to SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99).Command SBE 44 to sensor sensor. Sensor reply held in SBE 44 buffer.SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Get DataCommand to all SBE 44s.Command SBE 44 to sensor. SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99).Command SBE 44 to sensor. Sensor reply held all SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99).Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 44 with sensor. Sensor sensor. Sensor sens | SITUSSION UCIAV |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID).!iiGTermMax=xreply (0-32767 msec !iiGTermMax after received acts as term received acts as term twill while waiting for GI !iiGData form buffe time all base as term and to as term term and to as term term and to as term term and term and term | rol line or switched nsec). |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data (commands get Data commands (commands get Data (command pre- defined by in SBE 44 buffer.IiiG IotalMax=x reply (0-600 sec). D x=Y: In Dataii reply, number of 0.1-sec ti while waiting for GI liiGData reply. x=N: Do not include of ticks.SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Get Data Get DataSet GData (Commands Get DataSet GData (Commands (continued)Commands (commands (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data (commands (continued)Commands (continued)Commands (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set Oata (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set Oata (continued)Set Oata (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set OataCommand set 44 with (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set OataSet Oata (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set OataSet Oata (continued)Command set 44 with (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set OataSet Oata (continued)Command set 44 with (continued) </th <td>sec). Gap of ter 2 characters ermination</td> | sec). Gap of ter 2 characters ermination |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Commands Cet Data Commands | |
| or !iiGData) commands. Get Data commands cause sensor command pre- defined by !iiGDataStr=S to be sent to sensor. Sensor reply held in SBE 44 buffer.!iiIncGDataDelay=xnumber of 0.1-sec ti while waiting for GI !iiGData reply. x=N: Do not include of ticks.SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Set Data in SEE 44 and Sensor Commands Get DataSet Data Global command to all SBE 44s.Set character string s response to GData C Character string can command recognize SBE 44 suffer.SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Commands Get DataCommand to all SBE 44s.Command all SBE 44 form sensors. Each 50 data in buffer until r command to all SBE 44 with ID=ii (ii=0-99).Command SE 44 to with ID=ii. Data sen command to SBE 44 with ID=ii (0-99).Get data obtained w with ID=ii. Data sen computer/controller.SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Switch power on to Power remains on wa awake. When SBE 44 quiescent (sleep) sta sensor switches off. | |
| Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Get Data Get DataSige 44 buffer.Sige 44 can append and line feed or chara (see !iiRelayTermC Global command to all SBE 44s.Command all SBE 44 command sensor. SBE 44 hold until receiving Data (continued)SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get Data Get DataGData Global command to all SBE 44s.Command all SBE 44 from sensors. Each S data in buffer until r Command SE 44 hold until receiving Data Get data obtained w !iiGData from buffer with ID=ii (0:99).SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get DataGet data obtained w !iiGData Sensor Command sensor. SBE 44 hold until receiving Data Sensor Command sensor. SBE 44 hold until receiving Data Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 4 quiescent (sleep) sta sensor switches off. | c ticks received GData or |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get DataGlobal command to | ta or !iiGData . can be any ized by sensor. nd carriage return haracter to string |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get DataGlobal command to all SBE 44s.from sensors. Each 5 data in buffer until r Sensor. SBE 44 hold until receiving DataSBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued)Get DataCommand to SBE 44 with ID=ii (ii=0-99).Command SBE 44 hold until receiving DataGet data obtained w | E 44s to get data |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) Commands Get Data Command to SBE 44 with ID=ii (ii=0-99). sensor. SBE 44 hold until receiving Data Commands (continued) Get data obtained w Sensor iiGData from buffe with ID=ii. Data sen computer/controller. Signed Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 4 quiescent (sleep) sta sensor switches off. | ch SBE 44 holds il receiving Dataii . |
| SBE 44 and Dataii Get data obtained w Sensor Commands Command to SBE 44 with IIIGData from buffe (continued) ID=ii (0-99). Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 4 quiescent (sleep) sta sensor switches off. !iiSwPwrOff Switch power off to | olds data in buffer ataii. |
| Switch power on to Power remains on w awake. When SBE 4 quiescent (sleep) sta sensor switches off. !iiSwPwrOff Switch power off to | affer of SBE 44 sent to SIM and |
| !iiSwPwrOff Switch power off to | n while SBE 44 E 44 enters state, power to |
| | |
| Switched !iiAutoSwPwrPOn=x each time SBE 44 puiss state, power to sensor state, power to sensor on to sensor when S on Commands contact of the sensor state, power to sensor state, power to sensor state, power to sensor when S on | ver on to sensor 4 powers on. When iescent (sleep) nsor switches off. o not switch power |
| preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). Set up controls for optional switched power operation (pin 4 on connector). X=Y: Switch power before sending Get I string (!iiGDataStr) Power to sensor swi sensor response end x=N (default): Do no on to sensor before sending the string (!iiGDataStr) power to sensor swi sensor response end x=N (default): Do no on to sensor before sending the sensor response end the sensor before sending the sensor before sending the sensor response end the sensor before sending the sensor before sending the sensor before sending the sensor before sending the sensor before sensor before sender sensor before se | et Data command Str) to sensor. switches off when ends. o not switch power re sending Get |
| Image: Second contraction of the second contresecond contraction of the second contraction | ver on to sensor elay command SendCharW=x, !iiSendBreak) to sensor switches off onse ends. o not switch power |

| FUNCTION | CATEGORY | COMMAND | DESCRIPTION | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | | !iiCntlOn | Enable control line to sensor now. Control line remains enabled while SBE 44 awake. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, control line disabled. | |
| | | !iiCntlOff | Disable control line to sensor now. | |
| | Control Line Setup All commands | !iiAutoCntlPOn=x | x=Y: Enable control line to sensor each time SBE 44 powers on. When SBE 44 enters quiescent (sleep) state, control line disabled. x=N: Do not enable control line to sensor when SBE 44 powers on. | |
| SBE 44 and Sensor Commands (continued) | All commands preceded by !ii (ii=SBE 44 ID). Set up controls for optional control line operation (pin 5 on connector). | !iiAutoCntlGData=x | x=Y: Enable control line to sensor before sending Get Data command string (!iiGDataStr) to sensor. Control line disabled when sensor response ends. x=N: Do not enable control line to sensor before sending Get Data command string. | |
| (continued) | | !iiAutoCntlRelay=x | x=Y: Enable control line to sensor before sending Relay command (#iiCmdString, !iiSendCharW=, !iiSendChar=, or !iiSendBreak) to sensor. Control line disabled when sensor response ends. x=N: Do not enable control line to sensor before sending Relay command string. | |
| | Surface Tone Detect Commands | !iiPOnTone=x | x=Y: Enable surface tone detect. After powering on, SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter. x=N: Do not enable surface tone detect. Default. | |

Appendix IV: SIM Hookup and Configuration

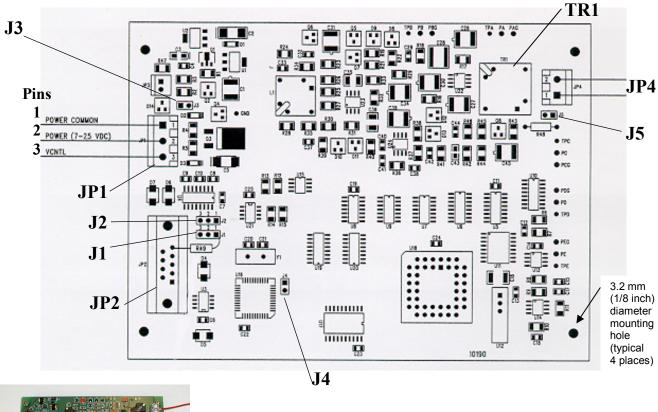




Photo shows SIM-Direct for use without Inductive Cable Coupler. SIM-Coupled for use with Inductive Cable Coupler is similar, but does not include TR1.

Dimensions:

PCB: 109 mm x 147.5 mm (4 ¹/₄ x 5 ³/₄ inches) *Mounting holes*: 90.5 mm x 138.1 mm (3 ⁹/₁₆ x 5 ⁷/₁₆ inches)

Power Connection

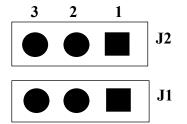
The SIM can be configured to power up in either of the following two modes:

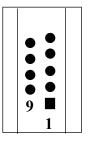
- Normal Power Switching (factory setting) The SIM runs when power is applied. Set up the SIM as follows:
 - 1. Connect Power Common to JP1 pin 1.
 - 2. Connect 7-25 VDC to JP1 pin 2.
 - 3. Verify there is no connection to JP1 pin 3.
 - 4. Verify jumper is across J3.
- Logic Level Controlled Power Switching Power is always applied to JP1, pins 1 and 2. Voltage applied to JP1 pin 3 (VCNTL) switches power to the SIM. Set up the SIM as follows:
 - 1. Connect Power Common to JP1 pin 1.
 - 2. Connect 7-25 VDC to JP1 pin 2.
 - 3. Remove jumper on J3.

Note:

If VCNTL < 1 volt, SIM is Off (consuming < 100 microAmps). If VCNTL > 2 volts, SIM is On.

Interface Option Connection (J1, J2, and J4) and I/O Connector Wiring (JP2)





The SIM can be configured to accept RS-232 or RS-485:

- RS-232 (factory setting)
 - 1. Verify jumper is on **J1** pins 2 and 3.
 - 2. Verify jumper is on **J2** pins 2 and 3.
- 3. Remove jumper on **J4**.
- RS-485
 - 1. Install jumper on **J1** pins 1 and 2.
 - 2. Install jumper on J2 pins 1 and 2.
 - 3. Install jumper on J4.

Connect wires to JP2 as follows:

- **RS-232**
 - 1. **Pin 2** RS-232 transmit from SIM to computer
 - 2. Pin 3 RS-232 transmit from computer to SIM
 - 3. **Pin 5** Power Common
- RS-485
 - 1. **Pin 4** RS-485 'A'
 - 2. Pin 5 Power Common
 - 3. **Pin 6** RS-485 'B'

Notes on RS-485 Interface

- This implementation of RS-485 allows for extended cable lengths, but does not include the ability to address multiple SIMs online. The RS-485 interface is described as *Simple*, because it does not allow you to communicate with more than one SIM on a single line.
- The RS-485 interface is half-duplex. Do not type or send a command while the SIM is transmitting data or responding to a command, or you will disrupt both sent and received data.
- This SIM can transmit data at 38400 baud over up to 1200 meters of twisted pair wire cable, 26 AWG or smaller gauge (larger diameter); data transmission at long distances is highly application specific, and requires high-quality cable and appropriate termination.

Inductive Mooring Cable Connection (JP4)

Note:

ICC version 4 may have 3 wires in the cable. If you ordered the ICC with a pigtail termination, solder the white and white/black wires together and attach to 1 terminal of JP4. Attach the white/red wire to the other terminal.

- SBE 44 installed with Inductive Cable Coupler (ICC) -Connect wires from the ICC to JP4 on SIM-Coupled.
- SBE 44 installed without Inductive Cable Coupler -Connect wires from the mooring cable and seawater ground to JP4 on SIM-Direct.

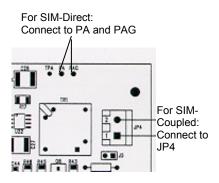
Normal Deployed Operation (J5)

Note:

If more than one IM instrument is on-line when you set the ID, all IM instruments will be set to the same ID. The inductive modem receivers in IM instruments are very sensitive; two IM instruments that are side-by-side will take the same ID, even if one of them is not on the IM loop. Therefore, separate IM instruments by at least 2 meters when setting IDs.

- Normal Deployed Operation Ensure jumper on J5 is installed.
- Instrument Setup and Lab Testing Remove jumper on J5. Removing the jumper on J5 inserts a 1K resistor in series with the inductive loop, reducing the signal amplitude. This prevents the SBE 44s in close proximity from responding to commands, which is especially important when sending the *ID= command.

Tone Detect Board Connection



A surface *Tone Detect* board is used for specialized applications. See *Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board* for a detailed description.

- SBE 44 installed without Inductive Cable Coupler (using SIM-Direct) - Connect wires from the *Tone Detect* board to PA and PAG.
- **SBE 44 installed with Inductive Cable Coupler (using SIM-Coupled)** – Connect wires from the *Tone Detect* board to JP4, or solder wires to wires connecting to JP4.

Appendix V: SBE 44 Interface PCB Configuration

This appendix describes the jumper configuration on the SBE 44's Interface PCB (labeled 10219). See *Appendix II: Electronics Disassembly/Reassembly* to access the Interface PCB.

Standard Setup (no optional control signal or optional switched power out)

For standard configuration, Sea-Bird recommends that you remove the J1 and J2 jumpers.

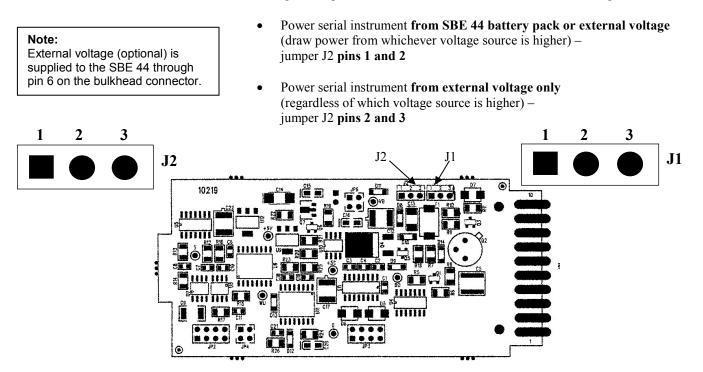
Optional Control Signal (jumper J1 on Interface PCB)

The optional control signal (pin 5 on bulkhead connector) can be configured in either of the following modes:

- 5 Volt logic jumper J1 pins 1 and 2
- Open Collector logic jumper J1 pins 2 and 3

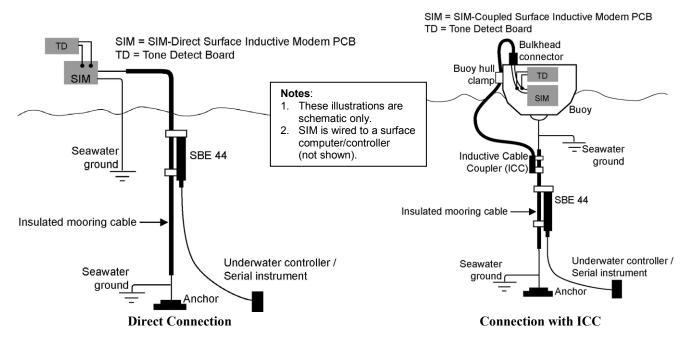
Optional Switched Power Out (jumper J2 on Interface PCB)

The optional switched power out (pin 4 on bulkhead connector) can be configured to power the serial instrument in either of the following modes:



Appendix VI: Using SBE 44 with Tone Detect Board

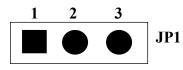
A surface *Tone Detect* board can be supplied by Sea-Bird. Typically, a SBE 44 system with a *Tone Detect* board is used when the serial instrument needs to indicate that it has completed sampling and is ready to transmit data. System schematics are shown below:



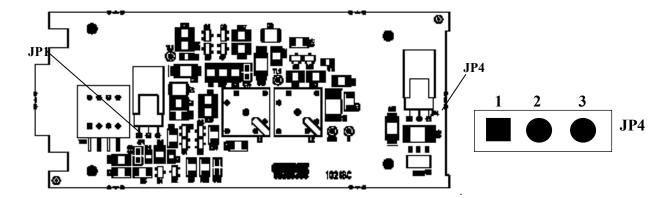
Wiring

• Tone Detect Board JP1

Pin 1: connect to SIM-Coupled JP4 pin 1 or SIM-Direct PA Pin 2: connect to SIM-Coupled JP4 pin 2 or SIM-Direct PAG



- Tone Detect Board JP4 Pin 1: ground Pin 2: tone detect output, PNP transistor emitter is pulled to ground when tone is detected
 - pin 3: 6 20 VDC in (150 microAmps when waiting for tone)



The impedance of the inductive link must be 500 ohms or less at 4800 Hz for reliable operation. A mooring cable on a spool may have considerable impedance, and may need to be unspooled before using the inductive link.

The inductance of a spooled cable can be estimated by:

L (Henries) = $1.0 \times 10^{-6} * 0.8 * a^2 * n^2 / (6 * a + 9 * b + 10 * c)$ where a = average radius of windings (inches) b = length of the coil (inches) c = difference between outer and inner radii of coil (inches)n = number of windings on spool

The impedance at 4800 Hz is:

Impedance (ohms) = 1 / $(2.0 * \pi * 4800 * L)$ where L = inductance (Henries)

Operation

To use the tone detect:

- Set up your underwater controller/serial instrument to pull the detect line low on the SBE 44 when it has completed sampling.
- Set up your surface computer/controller to send the appropriate commands to get the data from the underwater controller/serial instrument, when it is signaled by the surface *Tone Detect* board.
- Set **!iiPOnTone=Y** to enable the tone detect in the SBE 44.

When the underwater controller/serial instrument has completed sampling, the system responds as follows:

- 1. The underwater controller/serial instrument pulls the detect line low on the SBE 44, powering the SBE 44 on.
- 2. The SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits a 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter.
- 3. The 4800 Hz tone is received by the surface *Tone Detect* board, which then signals the surface computer/controller.
- 4. The surface computer/controller sends the appropriate commands through the SIM to the SBE 44 to get the data from the underwater controller/ serial instrument.

Note:

Transmission of the 4800 Hz tone by the SBE 44 wakes up all other inductive modem instruments (such as other 44s as well as 37-IM, 37-IMP, 37-IMP-IDO, 39-IM, 16plus-IM, 16plus-IM V2, UIMM) on the mooring cable. These other instruments will draw their communications current (varies; see appropriate instrument manual) from their batteries while awake. They will go back to sleep after 2 minutes, or sooner if you send the PwrOff command. If you will be using the tone detect frequently, you should consider this effect on the power budget for the other IM instruments on the mooring.

Shown below are two example command sets for a tone detect board system. The SBE 44's response to each command is not shown in the examples.

| Example: System with Tone Detect Board and Multiple Inductive Modem Instruments (user input in bold) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Assume the following system: An underwater controller/sensor (call this UC) is sampling, and needs to upload the last sample data through the SBE 44 after each sample is taken. UC is programmed to pull detect line low on SBE 44 when sampling is complete. UC command set includes SL (send last data sample taken by UC). |
| Define SIM operation for entire system, and then verify SIM setup. |
| S>AUTOPWRON=N (do not automatically send PwrOn to SBE 44s when power applied to SIM) |
| S>RELAYMAX=20 (set total time allowed for sensor reply in SIM to 20 sec) |
| S>ECHOOFF (do not echo characters to surface controller) |
| S>DS (verify SIM setup) |
| With (only) SBE 44 01 on-line: Send wakeup tone to SBE 44, and display SBE 44 ID to verify ID. Set baud, termination characters, and timeouts, and enable the surface tone detect. Verify SBE 44 setup, and send power-off command. S> PWRON (wake up SBE 44; wait at least 10 sec before proceeding to ensure SBE 44 is awake) S> ID ? (verify SBE 44 ID) |
| S>!01BAUD=9600 (set baud between SBE 44 and underwater controller/sensor to 9600) |
| S>!01TIMEOUT=120 (set SBE 44 main timeout to 120 sec = 2 minutes) |
| S>! OIRELAYTERMCHAR=crlf (append carriage return and line feed to commands relayed to underwater controller/sensor) |
| S>!01TERMCHAR=x (application dependent reply termination character) |
| S>!01RSTARTWAIT=x (application dependent) |
| S>!01RTERMMAX=2000 (set sensor reply gap timeout in SBE 44 to 2000 msec = 2 sec) |
| S>!01RTOTALMAX=20 (set total time allowed for sensor reply in SBE 44 to 20 sec) |
| S>!01PONTONE=Y (enable surface tone detect) |
| S>!01DS (verify SBE 44 setup) |
| S> PWROFF (place SBE 44 in sleep state) |
| Disconnect SBE 44 01 from SIM. |
| For each SBE 44 that will be incorporated in system: connect SBE 44 to SIM, and repeat PwrOn through PwrOff using appropriate SBE 44 ID. |
| Deploy system. When UC has completed sampling and is ready to transmit data, it pulls detect line low on SBE 44, powering SBE 44. SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits a 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter. Tone is received by surface <i>Tone Detect</i> board, which then signals SC to apply power to SIM. Wait at least 5 sec to ensure SBE 44 is listening for commands. |
| S> #01SL (SC sends command to send last sample taken by UC) |
| S> PWROFF (SC sends command to power down all SBE 44s) |
| (SC powers down SIM and SC) |
| |

| Example: System with Tone Detect Board and1 Instrument with Binary Data (user input in bold) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Assume the following system: An underwater controller/sensor (call this UC) is sampling, and needs to upload binary data through the SBE 44 after each sampling session is complete. UC is programmed to pull detect line low on SBE 44 when sampling is complete. UC command set includes status (transmit status of instrument, including number of bytes in memory) and sendb , e (upload data in binary, from byte b to byte e). Surface computer/controller (call this SC) is programmed to interpret UC status response, and then send appropriate command(s) to upload data, limiting data transfer to 30,000 bytes at a time because of SBE 44's 30 Kbyte buffer. |
| Note: The SBE 44's binary data capability is intended for use on a system with only one inductive modem instrument online. A binary data reply <i>could</i> indvertently include the equivalent of a valid command for other inductive modem instruments on line, causing other instruments to respond and thereby corrupting the data stream. Sea-Bird strongly recommends that you do not use the binary data capability with multiple inductive modem instruments online. |
| Define SIM operation, and then verify SIM setup. |
| S>AUTOPWRON=N (do not automatically send PwrOn to SBE 44s when power applied to SIM) S>RELAYMAX=600 (set total time allowed for sensor reply in SIM to 600 sec = 10 minutes) S>BINARYGAP=1000 (set sensor binary reply gap detect timeout in SIM to 1000 millisec = 1 sec) S>ECHOOFF (do not echo characters to surface controller) S>DS (verify SIM setup) |
| With (only) SBE 44 01 on-line: Send wakeup tone to SBE 44, and display SBE 44 ID to verify ID. Set baud, termination characters, and timeouts, and enable the surface tone detect. Verify SBE 44 setup, and send power-off command. S> PWRON (wake up SBE 44; wait at least 10 sec before proceeding to ensure SBE 44 is awake) S> ID? (verify SBE 44 ID) |
| S>!01BAUD=9600 (set baud between SBE 44 and underwater controller/sensor to 9600) |
| S>!01TIMEOUT=120(set SBE 44 main timeout to 120 sec = 2 minutes)S>!01RELAYTERMCHAR=crlf(append carriage return and line feed to commands relayed to underwater controller/sensor) |
| S>!01RELATIERMCHAR=ctili (append carrage return and mile reed to commands relayed to underwater controller/sensor) S>!01RETMCHAR=x (application dependent reply termination character; not applicable to binary reply) S>!01RSTARTWAIT=x (application dependent) |
| S>!01RTERMMAX=2000 (set sensor reply gap timeout in SBE 44 to 2000 msec = 2 sec) |
| S > ! 01RTOTALMAX=600 (set total time allowed for sensor reply in SBE 44 to 600 sec = 10 minutes) |
| S>!01PONTONE=Y (enable surface tone detect) S>!01DS (verify SBE 44 setup) |
| S> PWROFF (place SBE 44 in sleep state) |
| Disconnect SBE 44 01 from SIM. |
| Deploy system. When UC has completed sampling and is ready to transmit data, it pulls detect line low on SBE 44, powering SBE 44. SBE 44 waits 2.5 sec, enables its transmitter, transmits a 4800 Hz tone for 2.5 sec, and then turns off its transmitter. Tone is received by surface <i>Tone Detect</i> board, which then signals SC to apply power to SIM. Wait at least 5 sec to ensure SBE 44 is listening for commands. |
| S>#01status (SC sends status command to UC connected to SBE 44 01; assume status command shows there are 45,000 bytes) S>b01send1,30000 (SC sends command to upload bytes 1 - 30,000 in binary to UC connected to SBE 44 01) S>b01send30001,45000 (SC sends command to upload bytes 30,001 – 45,000 in binary to UC connected to SBE 44 01) S>PWROFF (SC sends command to power down all SBE 44s) (SC powers down SIM and SC) |
| |

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Appendix VII: Character Map and Values

The character map is used to set the sensor reply termination character (**!iiTermChar**), as described in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 44*.

| Scree | en Codes | | | | Screen | Codes (co | ont.) | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Dec. Hex Sym. 0 00 1 01 ③ 2 02 Θ 3 03 \forall 4 04 \bullet 5 05 \bullet 6 06 \bullet 7 07 \bullet 8 08 \blacksquare 9 09 \circ 10 0A \blacksquare 11 0B σ 12 0C \circ 13 0D \downarrow 14 0E \downarrow 15 0F \approx 16 10 \blacktriangleright 17 11 \triangleleft 18 12 \ddagger 19 13 \ddagger 20 14 \P 21 15 § 22 16 $=$ 23 17 \ddagger 24 18 \uparrow 25 19 \downarrow 26 1A \rightarrow 27 1B \div 28 1C $=$ 29 1D \leftrightarrow 30 1E \blacktriangle 31 1F \checkmark | Dec. Hex 32 20 33 21 34 22 35 23 36 24 37 25 38 26 39 27 40 28 41 29 42 2A 43 2B 44 2C 45 2D 46 2E 47 2F 48 30 49 31 50 32 51 33 52 34 53 35 54 36 57 39 58 3A 59 3B 60 3C 61 3D 62 3E | Sym. ! #\$%&' ()*+ ,/0123456789:; < = >? | Dec. 64 65 66 70 712 73 74 77 77 78 812 88 88 88 88 90 123 95 912 94 95 | Hex 4444444444444444444444444555555555555 | sym. S@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\] - | Dec. 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 | Hex 66123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF 777777777777777777777777777777777777 | sym. abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyz{ |

Appendix VIII: Replacement Parts

| Part Number | Part | Application Description | Quantity in SBE 44 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 50441 | AA Saft Lithium cell set (12) | Power SBE 44. | |
| 801797 | Cell holder for SBE 44 | Holds AA cells. | 1 |
| 171887 | 9-pin DB-9P to 9-pin DB-9S I/O cable, 3 m (10 ft) long | From SIM to computer | - |
| 801583 | 10-pin DF11 to 9-pin DB-9S and battery snap | From IMM to computer and power supply | - |
| 171888 | 25-pin DB-25S to 9-pin DB-9P cable adapter | For use with computer with DB-25 connector | - |
| 801434 | 6-pin AG-206 to 9-pin DB-9S serial test cable, 2.4 m (8 ft) long | Connects SBE 44 connector to computer for lab testing | - |
| 17047.1 | 6-pin AG-206 dummy plug with locking sleeve | For storage | - |
| 17043 | Locking sleeve for AG connector | Locks cable or dummy plug in place | |
| 801450 | 6-pin (wet-pluggable) MCIL-6FS to 9-pin DB-9S serial test cable, 2.4 m (8 ft) long | Connects SBE 44 connector to computer for lab testing | |
| 171498.1 | 6-pin MCDC-6F dummy plug with locking sleeve | For storage | |
| 171192 | Locking sleeve | Locks cable or dummy plug in place | |
| 41247 | Surface <i>Tone Detect</i> board | For specialized applications | - |
| 60050 | Spare hardware/ O-ring kit | Assorted hardware and O-rings, including: • 30900 Bolt, ¹ /4-20 x 2" hex head, titanium (secures mounting clamp) • 30633 Washer, ¹ /4" split ring lock, titanium (for 30900) • 30634 Washer ¹ /4" flat, titanium (for 30900) • 31019 O-ring 2-008 N674-70 (for 30900) • 30857 Parker 2-033E515-80 O-ring (modem end cap and connector end cap o-ring) • 30859 Machine screw, 8-32 x ³ /8" FH, titanium (secures housing to end caps) • 31749 Hex key, 7/64 inch, long arm (secures battery pack in housing with captured screw) • 31322 O-ring 2-130 N674-70 (for grooves on side of battery pack) • 30858 O-ring 2-133 N674-70 (for battery pack cover plate) | - |

Appendix IX: Manual Revision History

| Manual Version | Date | Description |
|-------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 005 | 12/99 | • Rewrite manual for product release (initial release of production units). |
| 006 | 08/00 | • Add new commands for Firmware 1.5: RelayTermChar, SendChar, and SendCharw). |
| | | Add command range information. |
| | | Replace DOS TERM37 with Windows Seaterm. |
| 007 | 03/01 | • Add Baud = command for SIM. |
| | | Correct callout on SIM photo. |
| 008 | 01/03 | • Test setup procedure: Correct 10-15 VDC power supply for SIM to 7-25 VDC. Add connector |
| | | diagram for wet-pluggable connector. |
| 000 | | Add mounting hole diameter for SIM. |
| | 05/02 | Add information on how power provided, based on settings on Interface PCB. |
| 009 | 05/03 | Add information that characters relayed by serial instrument to 44 must be > 09 decimal (09 Hex) & <123 decimal (7B Hex); cannot relay @ symbol. |
| | 0.0 /0.0 | Update serial interface cable to 9pin. |
| 010 | 09/03 | Firmware 1.6a: Add information on tone detect command and operation. |
| 011 | 02/04 | • Firmware updates: Biicmdstring to request binary response from serial instrument. |
| | | BinaryGap= to provide termination timeout for binary response from serial instrument. AutoBurgOn=V (default) to direct SIM to execute BurgOn when neuronal unit AutoBurgOn=N to |
| | | AutoPwrOn=Y (default) to direct SIM to execute PwrOn when powered up; AutoPwrOn=N to direct SIM to not execute PwrOn when powered up. |
| | | Add more information on use with a Tone Detect Board. |
| | | Update cable part numbers. |
| 012 | 05/04 | Update photos, system drawings, and text for new ICC design and new SIM terminology (SIM- |
| | | Direct and SIM-Coupled in place of SMODEM designation used before). |
| | | • Update information on shipping lithium batteries. |
| 013 | 07/04 | • Add more information on tone detect board regarding wiring of tone detect board, change connection of tone detect board to SIM-Direct PCB, add information on impedance and |
| | | inductance. |
| | | • Add information that Switched Power Out has a 1.5 Amp thermal fuse in-line (add maximum |
| 014 | 04/05 | current consumption information and example power calculation for battery endurance). |
| 014 | 04/03 | Firmware rev 1.8a: add 19200 to available bauds between 44 and serial instrument (!iiBaud=). Add more information on binary data. In Tone Detect appendix, change binary example to show |
| | | • Add more information on binary data. In Tone Detect appendix, change binary example to show only 1 instrument on line. Add another example with multiple instruments and a non-binary |
| | | command. |
| | | Add more information on use with Tone Detect Board. |
| | | Update photo of ICC to show connectors as optional. |
| | | Update battery shipping precautions. |
| | | • Change DataNNMax maximum value to 32767 msec; values not multiples of 50 rounded down. |
| | | • Add references to 39-IM, newest IM instrument. |
| | | • Update SIM operating current from 60 mA to 30 mA |
| 015 | 05/06 | • Update recovery warning, adding more detail. |
| | | • Add note to SIM wiring appendix, IM Cable Connection (JP4), regarding number of wires. |
| | | Update wet-pluggable connector. |
| 016 | 05/07 | • Add more detail on mating of modem core, description of guide. |
| | | Add information on troubleshooting communication problems. |
| | | • Add information on BinaryGap in SIM: must be less than RTermMax in SBE 44 for binary reply to work reliably. |
| 017 | 07/08 | • Update battery installation procedure, specifications, endurance, and shipping instructions for new |
| | | battery packs (12 AA lithium cells) |
| | | • Update connector maintenance for consistency with application note 57. |

Continued on next page

Manual revision 022

| Continued from previous page | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 018 | 01/10 | Update software name. | |
| | | • List new address. | |
| | | • Add CE mark. | |
| | | • Add information about not having other IM instruments nearby when setting ID. | |
| | | • Add information that serial test cable not optional, included with standard shipment. | |
| 019 | 11/11 | • Update battery endurance for SBE 44s providing power to the RS-232 sensor, based on Field | |
| | | Service Bulletin 23. | |
| | | Add IMM information. | |
| | | • Add note about yellow-top battery pack incompatibility with SBE 44. | |
| | | Add note to not ship spare lithium batteries by commercial aircraft. | |
| 020 | 08/12 | Add Certificate of Conformity. | |
| | | Update Shipping Precautions for latest IATA rules. | |
| | | Add information on RS-485 communications with SIM. | |
| | | Remove RS-485 option for IMM. | |
| 021 | 01/13 | • Update battery shipping restrictions to meet 2013 requirements. | |
| | | Update software compatibility information. | |
| 022 | 03/14 | Update Declaration of Conformity. | |
| | | • Update lithium cell and battery language to conform to latest IATA rules. | |
| | | Add O-ring maintenance section. | |
| | | Add caution on using spray can lubricants on MCBH connectors. | |
| | | • Remove <i>standard</i> and <i>optional</i> language referring to connector types. | |
| | | Correct lithium cell part numbers in Replacement Parts list. | |

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