Module 17

# Basic Maintenance of Sea-Bird Equipment

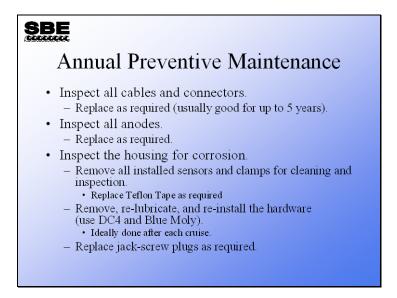
#### Overview



We are going to discuss how to perform basic maintenance on your Sea-Bird equipment in this module.

Of all of the maintenance that can be performed, the most crucial is cleaning, which we discussed in the previous module.

#### **Annual Maintenance**



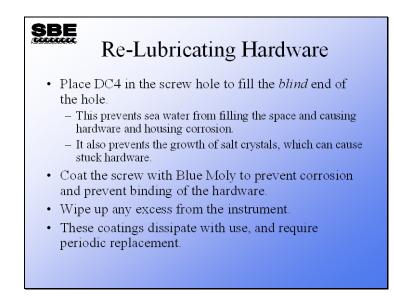
Inspect cables for cuts, abrasions, cracking, and corrosion. Sea-Bird recommends that you replace *worn* cables, even if they are still functional (save working cables as spares).

For anodes, Sea-Bird recommends that you replace them when more than 50% of the material has eroded.

Minor exterior housing corrosion (pits) can be *patched* to extend housing life. Keep in mind that patching is not a *cure*; once corrosion has started it will continue.

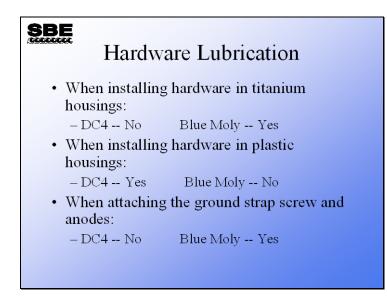
- Remove loose oxide.
- Clean and dry with alcohol.
- Apply a light coat of epoxy.

#### Lubricating Hardware

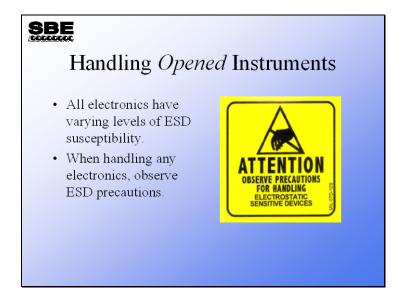


- DC-4 is a silicone-based electrical insulating compound.
- Never-Seez® Blue Moly is a lubricating and anti-seize compound containing molybdenum sulfide, nickel, and zinc oxide.
- Never use copper-based anti-seize products.
- A hypodermic syringe is the easiest way to apply the DC-4 to the screw holes.
- You may want to wear latex gloves when applying Blue Moly.

## **Lubricating Hardware**

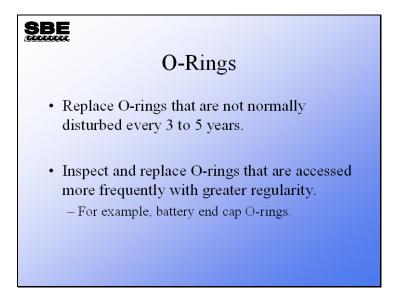


#### **Electrostatic Discharge Precautions**



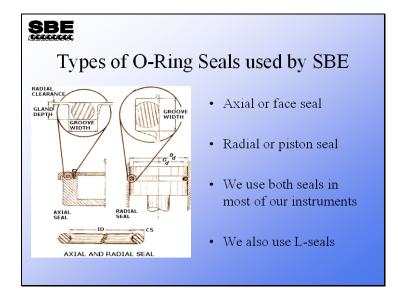
- Avoid wearing rubber-soled shoes.
- Avoid scuffing (sliding) your feet on carpeted surfaces.
- Discharge yourself by touching a grounded object.
- Use antistatic devices, such as wrist straps and floor mats.

## **O-Rings**



The O-rings in your instrument are one of the least expensive, yet most important, components.

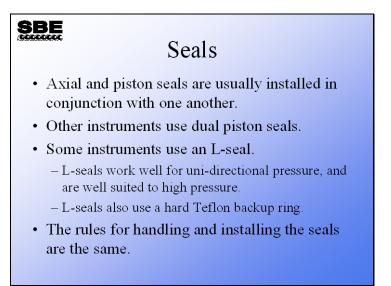
## **O-Rings**



The face seal and piston seal are used in conjunction with each other on the battery end cap.

We also use Morrison seals to install temperature probes in our end caps.

#### Seals



- Keep clean.
- Store in sealed bags, out of direct sunlight.
- Inspect thoroughly before installation.
- Lubricate lightly.

#### • O-Rings and Seals – Opening Instrument



Make sure the instrument is completely dry before opening. Water on the electronic circuits can severely damage the instrument.

- Water droplets *hide* behind conductivity cells.
- Dry around O-rings before fully opening the instrument.

Alcohol can be used to clean stubborn O-ring lubricant.

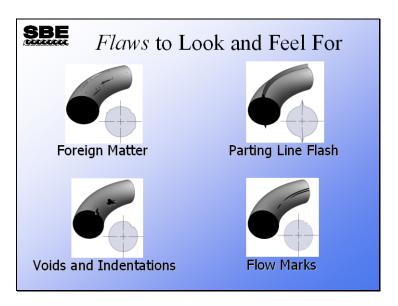
## **O-Rings and Seals – Cleaning Surfaces**



Having clean surfaces is one of the most important aspects of O-ring handling and replacement.

## **O-Rings and Seals – Inspecting**





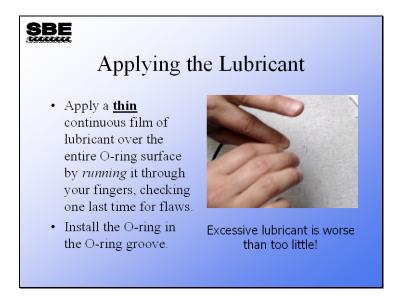
## **O-Rings and Seals – Typical Flaws**

Any of these flaws may result in the instrument flooding.

#### **O-Rings and Seals – Lubrication**

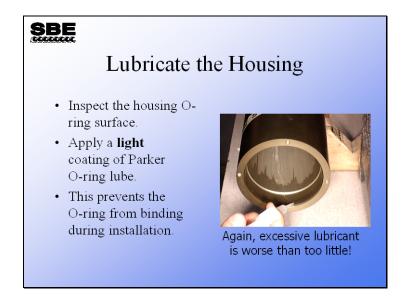


## **O-Rings and Seals – Lubricating O-Ring**



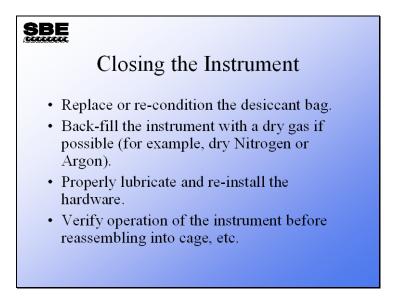
The lubricant on your finger tips will actually enhance your ability to detect flaws in the O-ring.

## **O-Rings and Seals – Lubricating Housing**



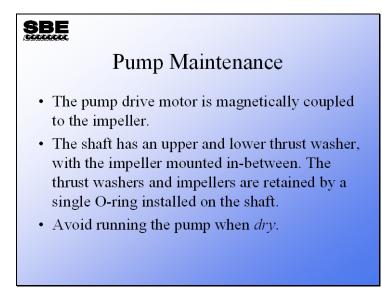
Inspect for pits, scratches, corrosion, and foreign matter.

#### **O-Rings and Seals – Closing Instrument**



See Application Note 71: Desiccant Use and Regeneration on our website.

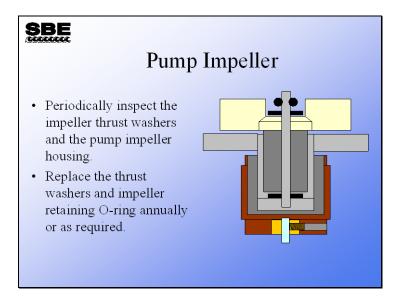
#### **Pump Maintenance**



On our website, see -

- Training video (http://www.seabird.com/training/Videos.htm#5TPump)
- Application Note 75: Maintenance of SBE 5T, 5P, and 5M Pumps on our website.

#### **Pump Maintenance**



There is a grove for the impeller retaining O-ring in the tip of the shaft. Push down with your fingertip until the ring slips into the groove.

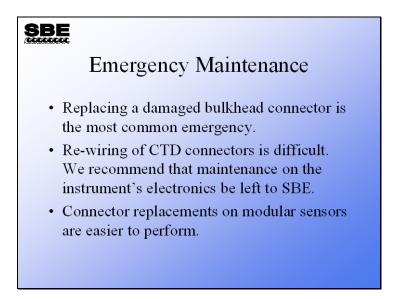
## **Pump Troubleshooting**

# **SBE** What if the Pump isn't Running?

- The pump impeller can become bound by
- The pump impeller can become bound by sand, sediment, and salt crystals.
- If the pump is not running, remove the pump head and inspect the impeller and thrust washers to determine if a clogged impeller is the problem.

It may be necessary to remove the O-ring and thrust washers to properly clean the pump impeller and impeller housing.

#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors**



As electronics have become more and more miniaturized, it is difficult to perform board level repairs without specialized tools.

## SBE 9plus Bulkhead Connector Wiring



Note that the wiring from all of the connectors joins together to form large bundles.

## SBE 16plus and 19plus Bulkhead Connector Wiring



The leads solder directly to the motherboard.

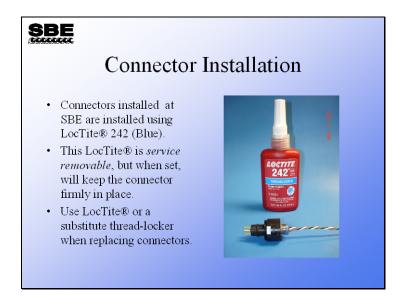
## **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Overall Procedure**

# SBE

#### If you Decide to Replace a Connector

- Remember to observe ESD precautions.
- After removing the damaged connector, remove all LocTite<sup>®</sup> residue.
  - Use wooden or plastic tools if a tap isn't available.
- Prepare the new connector for installation. – Trim and terminate ends before installing.
- The connectors use a  $\frac{1}{2}$ "-20 thread.
- Never use metal tools around the O-ring surfaces.
- It is best if the ends of the replacement connectors leads are trimmed and tinned prior to installation.

#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – LocTite**



If you use a substitute thread-locker, make sure that it indicates that it is *service removable* and is rated for  $\frac{1}{2}$ " hardware.

#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Connector O-Ring**



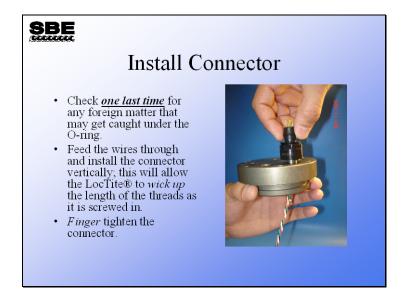
Remember: Only very light lubrication is required!

#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Install Connector**

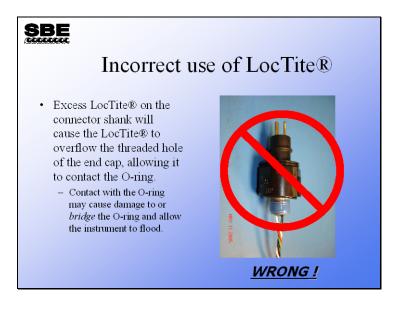


You should stop seeing LocTite® move up the threads when there are approximately two full threads remaining on the connector.

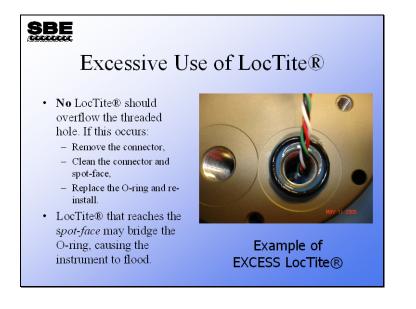
#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Install Connector**



#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Too Much LocTite!**



## Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Too Much LocTite!



#### **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Final Tightening**



- If you do not have access to a torque wrench in the correct range, tighten the connector a little past *snug*.
- Do not over-tighten, as damage to the connector may occur.
- Allow the LocTite<sup>®</sup> to cure for 12 to 24 hours.

# **Replacing Bulkhead Connectors – Torque Specifications**

Torque Specifications	
Connector	Torque
2-pin Impulse	18 in-lbs
3-pin Impulse	18 in-lbs
4-pin Impulse	18 in-lbs
6-pin Impulse	15 in-lbs
MCBH (all)	100 in-lbs or 8 ft-lbs

Impulse connectors are our *standard* connectors. MCBH connectors are wet-pluggable connectors, and are optional on all of our instruments.